

COACHING

Non-Academic Performance Management Best Practices with Tools, Templates and Job Aids as of 9/14/15

# Supervising @ WAYNE STATE



#### Disclaimer

This guide provides supervisors and managers of non-academic staff with a systematic approach for maintaining employee engagement through sound coaching practices.

For training purposes only, does not create rights for union employees.

In the event text within this document appears to be in conflict with WSU Polices & Procedures; Collective Bargaining Agreements; or Federal, State, or Local Legislation, the legal document **ALWAYS** takes precedence over this user guide.



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# Non-Academic Coaching Guide

# COACHING CONVERSATION BEST PRACTICES WITH TOOLS, TEMPLATES AND JOB AIDS

#### Introduction

An effective performance management process can be a powerful tool in any organization.

Use this guide to help you integrate performance management throughout your time at Wayne State University. The purpose of Wayne State University's Performance Management Process is to:

- Define clear expectations for performance.
- Provide employees with adequate feedback (coaching, evaluating and rewarding performance).

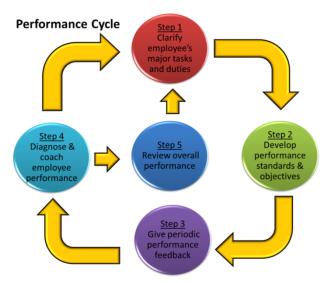
"Organizations with strong performance management systems are 41%-51% percent more likely to outperform their competitors."

Development Dimensions International (DDI)
Managing Performance Building Accountability
for Organizational Success

- Serve as a basis for modifying or changing behavior (improve productivity, improvement plans).
- Provide an objective, documented, and supportable basis for making personnel decisions.
- Encourage ongoing communication between managers and employees.

#### **Purpose**

This guide is designed to support WSU Supervisors, Managers and Directors throughout each step of WSU's coaching and performance cycle. Throughout this guide you will find best practices and actionable items as well as tools, templates and job aids that support each phase of the ongoing performance management process.



#### **Resource Portal**

Provides key WSU links and referrals for performance management procedures, contracts and policies. To access it:

- 1. Open Blackboard at http://blackboard.wayne.edu using your AccessID and password.
- 2. Refer to "My Organizations Plus" in the top right corner.
- 3. Click on "Resource Portal".



#### **Accelerate**

Offers a robust catalog of eResources to support supervisors, managers and directors - including eCourses, job aids, books and simulations. Click here for a list of recommended performance management resources.



For WSU-specific performance management support, contact your HR Consultant (HRC).



#### **Performance Planning and Expectations**

The key to success with performance management and coaching is the ability to set clear job expectations with your employee. These expectations should align with the goals and vision held by either the manager or department. Stated expectations serve as a baseline for a manager to reference when providing feedback or evaluating performance objectively. Expectations can come in many forms and be called many names – objectives, standards, duties, goals, tasks, responsibilities, etc. Throughout this guide, we will commonly refer to these many variations as the single term "expectations".

#### **Best Practices**

- Aim to set expectations collaboratively with your employees and ensure they are communicated - this may take several one-on-one conversations or email exchanges.
- Strive for agreement between both the supervisor and the employee.
- Ensure that expectations relate to the employee's job description and/or the needs of the department.
- Use SMART tools to develop effective expectations. The SMART acronym is designed to help you ensure that expectations are:
  - Specific
  - Measurable with Measurement
  - Achievable
  - Relevant
  - Time-Oriented
- Discuss possible barriers to achievement.
- Identify any resources that will be needed to help the employee meet expectations.
- Realize that expectations are not set in stone and can be adjusted throughout the performance year. However, any changes should be agreed upon by both the employee and manager.

## Key Performance Management Forms

Working with a new or transferred employee?

Reference these key resources:
WSU's Non-Rep Manual
1.9 Probationary Period
Probationary, Provisional &
Qualifying Period Performance
Review Guide
Review Form

Check out WaynePM, WSU's electronic performance management system – located on your Employee tab in Pipeline or in Academica, enter WaynePM into Search box and hit enter.

#### What's in it for Me?

Evaluating performance and providing feedback will be much easier when expectations are stated clearly, agreed upon, and established using the best practices mentioned above. Use the following performance planning tools to assist you in establishing performance expectations.

#### Using the Performance Planning Tools...

#### **SMART Expectations Worksheet and Worksheet Example**

The SMART Expectations Worksheet is a working document that can be utilized as a guide when developing SMART performance expectations. Provide the worksheet to your employee and have them complete each section. The SMART Expectations Worksheet Example is a completed worksheet for you or your employees to reference, as needed.

#### **SMART Expectations Job Aid**

This quick reference tool provides the definition for each of the SMART terms, and how they can guide the process of developing expectations.



#### **SMART Expectations Worksheet**

This sheet is a guide to help you build SMART expectations. If you answer the following questions, by the end of the worksheet, you will have built an effective SMART expectation to use in performance planning.

Specific Complete the answers to the following questions				
What will you achieve?				
How will you know when it is done? (How will you know it when you see it?)				
Measurable w/Measurement				
Complete the answers to the following questions				
If applicable, what are the quantity expectations?				
If applicable, what are the quality expectations?				
If applicable, what are the frequency expectations?				
If applicable, what are the cost expectations?				

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What are the knowledge, skills, abilities and experience needed to achieve the expectation?  Are there resources needed to achieve the expectations? If so, what are they and are they available?
Are there resources needed to achieve the expectations? If so, what are they and are they available?
Are there any time factors or environmental constraints that need to be considered? If so, what are they?
Relevant
Complete the answers to one, two or all the following questions
Which University's strategic priority does it relate to?
Which department or supervisor objective does it support?
Why are you doing this?
Time-oriented (exclude if this is for a standard, include if this is for an Objective/Goal) Complete the answer to the following question When does it need to be completed?

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#### SMART Expectations Worksheet Example

This sheet is a guide to help you build SMART expectations. If you answer the following questions, by the end of the worksheet, you will have built an effective SMART expectation to use in performance planning.

#### **Specific**

Tips: What is to be done? What are you committed to achieving? Think in terms of observable aspects of the what -- How will you know it when you see it? Begin the expectation with an action word (e.g., Increase, Design, Build, Buy, Sell, Complete, Eliminate, Establish)

#### Example

What: Research, design and implement a departmental orientation program

How will you know when it is done:

Includes mission, vision, and strategic priorities

Includes key policies

Includes folder of pertinent information

Includes some media presentation, i.e., PowerPoint, video, etc.

#### Measurable w/Measurement

Tips: How will you know your performance meets expectations? What standards of measure will you use? Think in terms of quality and quantity.

#### Example

Quantity or Quality or Frequency:

Information provided needs to be up-to-date (within a week of dated information) and 95% error free

#### **Achievable**

Tips: This will not necessarily be written in the expectation, but the question of whether you have the knowledge, skills, abilities, and experience to achieve the expectation is important to consider. If it is not achievable or if there are no development aspects considered in achievement of the expectation, then it should not be on your performance plan. Can it be done giving the time frame, opportunity and resources? Think of the resources it might take to achieve: money, people from other departments, etc. Is this the appropriate time to be achieving this expectation, i.e., what other key university initiatives are occurring?

#### Example

Skills, Knowledge & Ability:

Proficiency in MS PowerPoint, knowledge of University and department, knowledge of key departmental stakeholders, experience in attending orientation, ability to research and find up-to-date information

Resources needed:

Include all key stakeholders in review process; no additional budget available; software needed is available

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#### Relevant

Tips: Relevant answers the question, "should it be done?", "why?" and "what will be the impact?" Is the expectation aligned with the S/C/D's implementation plan and the university's strategic plan?

#### Example

Related WSU Strategic Priority:

In support of WSU Strategic priority to 3.3 Create a culture committed to service, enhancing service through improved efficiency and 3.3.1 Streamline business practices.

Supported Department & Supervisor Objective:

The dean is looking for new employees to be up and running quicker and be able to provide accurate departmental information to customers as soon as they are working with customers.

Why:

This objective was chosen to ensure new employees are knowledgeable about the university and the department, feel welcome and comfortable in their new working environment, committed to the department mission and able to fully contribute sooner than typically happens (3-6 months)

#### **Time-oriented**

Tips: Sometimes a task may only have an end point or due date. Sometimes that end point or due date is the actual end of the task, or sometimes the end point of one task is the start point of another. Sometimes a task has several milestones or check points to help you or others assess how well something is going before it is finished so that corrections or modifications can be made as needed to make sure the end result meets expectations.

#### Example

When:

The final program outline will be done by June 1<sup>st</sup> and the program will be implemented by October 1, 2015.



# JOB AID SMART EXPECTATIONS

Writing SMART expectations is not always easy and it can be confusing when you see the different variations for the acronym. We use the following words and definitions at Wayne State University:

#### Specific

Specific answers the questions "what is to be done?" "how will you know it is done?" and describes the results (end product) of the work to be done. The description is written in such a way that anyone reading the expectation will most likely interpret it the same way. To ensure that an expectation is specific is to make sure that the way it is described is observable. Observable means that somebody can see or hear (physically observe) someone doing something.

#### Measurable with Measurement

Measurable with Measurement answers the question "how will you know it meets expectations?" and defines the expectation using assessable terms (quantity, quality, frequency, costs, deadlines, etc.). It refers to the extent to which something can be evaluated against some identified guidelines/rules/principles. An expectation with a quantity measurements uses terms of amount, percentages, etc.. A frequency measurement could be daily, weekly, 1 in 3. An expectation with a quality measurement would describe a requirement in terms of accuracy, format, within university guidelines.

#### Achievable

Achievable answers the questions "can the person do it?" "Can the measurable expectation be achieved by the person?" "Does he/she have the experience, knowledge or capability of fulfilling the expectation?" It also answers the question "Can it be done giving the time frame, opportunity and resources?"

#### Relevant

Relevant answers the questions, "should it be done?", "why?" and "what will be the impact?" Is the expectation aligned with the S/C/D's implementation plan and the university's strategic plan?

#### **Time-Oriented**

Time-oriented answers the question, "when will it be done?" It refers to the fact that an expectation has end points and checkpoints built into it. Sometimes a task may only have an end point or due date. Sometimes the endpoint of one task is the start point of another. Sometimes a task has several milestones or checkpoints to help you or others assess how well something is going before it is finished so that corrections or modifications can be made. Other times, an employee's style is such that the due dates or milestones are there to create a sense of urgency that helps them to get something finished.



#### **Employee Development**

"Each person's greatest room for growth is in the areas of his or her greatest strength."

Donald O. Clifton, Author, Now Discover Your Strengths

The challenges associated with the changing nature of work and the workplace environment is as real for Wayne State as it is elsewhere. Rapid change requires a skilled, knowledgeable workforce that is adaptive, flexible, and focused on the future.

Staying on the cutting edge requires each of us to have an ongoing individual development plan. Whether it is informal or formal, this plan will identify specific areas for continuous improvement and activities that will help build new knowledge, skills or abilities. Development plans are highly beneficial for both the employee and manager.

How to get started? Development plans are created through a partnership between the manager and employee using central resources within the University – including your HR Consultant (HRC) and the department of Organization and Employee Development (OED).

#### **Best Practices**

- Regularly assess strengths.
  - Compare current strengths to what may be needed for career success.
- Get feedback from others.
  - Seek feedback from others on current performance as well as the needs of the role.
     Managers can be the first source of feedback for employees.
- Set goals.
  - Stay apprised about what's happening at Wayne State and the trends occurring in higher education. Current information helps individuals to set more realistic career and development goals.

#### **Development Plans**

Development Plans are built into the planning process for P&A, Staff Association and non-academic, non-represented employees

**OED** provides a variety of development opportunities for you and your employees – including offerings within Training. Seminars. Workshops. (TSW), the Accelerate eLearning database and more!

- Take charge of development.
  - Increase self-confidence, motivation and productivity by having a greater sense of responsibility for managing one's own development.
- Incorporate a variety of learning methods.
  - Explore available resources. Research has shown that most people tend to learn from others. This could happen through networking in a professional association, mentoring or on-the-job learning. It could also occur through independent, self-study learning options or formal classes, webinars or conferences. Today the choices for learning are as varied as the development goals themselves!

#### What's in it for Me?

Development plans enable individuals to make the best use of their skills. This, in turn, can help advance the employee's personal goals as well as those of the unit and Wayne State as a whole. Working in partnership with your employees to create development plans can offer a unique opportunity to better understand their goals and aspirations and discover additional ways to partner. As a result, it will lead to higher employee satisfaction and productivity. It will also aid you in providing targeted feedback and coaching - ultimately devising a stronger working relationship.

#### Using the Employee Development Tools...

#### **Employee Development Self-Assessment and Planning Guide**

This guide can serve as a complement to WSU's formal employee development tools. The employee should complete this guide based on their own performance. It is designed to enable an employee to:

- Assess specific areas in need of development.
- Set development goals and strategies for achieving goals.
- Identify training and development opportunities that are available.



#### **EMPLOYEE DEVELOPMENT**

#### SELF-ASSESSMENT AND PLANNING GUIDE

Congratulations on taking a positive step toward your career development goals. Taking this assessment will help you get started on your journey toward a more fulfilling work life.

Instructions: Complete the <u>assessment</u>, then score your responses according to the key provided. Use the <u>development planner</u> at the end to focus upon the areas of opportunity identified from this assessment.

Employee Development Competencies		Rating Scale 1: Not True 2: Somewhat True 3: Very True		
I.	Self-Awareness			
a.	I see how my personal strengths and abilities can be leveraged at work	1	2	3
b.	I know how I am perceived by others	1	2	3
c.	I can realistically assess my career in relation to performance feedback	1	2	3
d.	I have defined values that drive my behavior at work			3
e.	I understand how my personality type and work style impacts others at work	1	2	3
f.	I can articulate my career interests and career goals	1	2	3
	Total Self-Awareness Competency Score		- 1	
II.	WSU Organizational Awareness			
a.	I know what makes the work environment personally satisfying and productive to me	1	2	3
b.	I am able to contribute to my desired work environment within my unit	1	2	3
c.	I understand the culture of my unit at WSU	1	2	3
d.	I am able to describe WSU's organizational values and goals	1	2	3
e.	I am able to describe my unit's organizational values and goals	1	2	3
f.	I understand how changes in our industry impacts our unit	1	2	3
g.	I have a sense of future options and opportunities for my career at WSU	1	2	3
h.	I am effective at building relationships and support systems at WSU for my career growth	1	2	3
	Total WSU Organizational Awareness Competency Score		y - y	
III.	Goal Setting			
a.	I am able to set goals consistent with performance feedback I received	1	2	3
b.	I know how to create a vision of the ideal job for myself	1	2	3
c.	I know how to create a vision of the ideal job environment for myself	1	2	3
d.			2	3
e.	I believe I am the one in control of making key career decisions for myself	1	2	3
f.	I am able to balance priorities to achieve desired unit goals	1	2	3
g.	I accept that the future is constantly changing and requires regular reassessment of career goals. I take actions to adjust my goals accordingly.	1	2	3

	Employee Development Competencies  1: Not True 2: Somewh 3: Very True		ue what Tru	ie
c.	I know how to create a vision of the ideal job environment for myself	1	2	3
d.	d. I know how to align my individual career development goals with the goals of WSU		2	3
e.	e. I believe I am the one in control of making key career decisions for myself		2	3
f.	I am able to balance priorities to achieve desired unit goals	1	2	3
g. I accept that the future is constantly changing and requires regular re-		1	2	3
	assessment of career goals. I take actions to adjust my goals accordingly.			
	Total Goal Setting Competency Score	5		
V.	Skill Development			
a.	I am able to identify areas of needed skill development through self-awareness	1	2	3
b.	I am able to identify areas of needed skill development through career			
development conversations with others				
c.	I have the ability to attract and create career development experiences on and off the job	1	2	3
d.	I understand the positive impact of my skill development on my organization's future	1	2	3
e.	I am able to use my membership in professional associations to identify trends, skills and resources for my career growth	1	2	3
f.	I seek opportunities to learn new skills on a regular basis	1	2	3
g.	I stay up-to-date and engaged in my career field	1	2	3
	Total Skill Development Competency Score			
<i>/</i> .	Personal Resilience			
a.	I handle organizational and industry changes effectively	1	2	3
b.	I take actions to balance my personal, social and professional life	1	2	3
c.			2	3
supervisor's goals, problems and pressures on an ongoing basis				
d.	I persist even in the face of setbacks	1	2	3
e.	I optimistically view new opportunities as possible and attainable	1	2	3
f.	I am willing to take personal responsibility for my own career development	1	2	3
	Total Personal Resilience Competency Score			



#### **Scoring Your Employee Development Competencies Assessment**

	area. Write that number on the TOTAL line at the bottom of each area.		
2.	. Transfer your 5 TOTAL scores here:		
	Self-Awareness Competency Score		
	WSU Organizational Awareness Competency Score		
	Goal Setting Competency Score		
	Skill Development Competency Score		
	Personal Resilience Competency Score		
3.	The area in which you have the relatively LOWEST score may be the best area to begin the development process. However, it's not necessary to be highly proficient in ALL areas. Focus on leveraging your strengths while continuing to work on developing your abilities in the other competencies.		

4. Utilize the attached DEVELOPMENT PLANNER to identify specific goals and developments options.

1. Total the scores in each competency area so that you have a number ranging between 6 and 18 for each

#### **Development Planner**

Instructions: Identify up to three development goals and how you will achieve them. It may be helpful to complete this planner in partnership with your supervisor. S/he may able to provide unique insight on prioritizing goals and devising experiences to attain them.

Development Goals	What Will You Do To Achieve It? Consider Picking a Method from List Below	How You'll Know You Were Successful?	When Will You Review Progress?
1.			
2.			
3.			
Meti	hods for Achieving Developm	ent Goals	
What challenging assignments could be	On-the-Job Learning e selected to build skills and ac	chieve development go	als?
Goal	Type of Assi	Type of Assignment Timefra	
1	Training/Education/eDevelop	ment	*
What specific training, educational ex	speriences and performance su I skills and assist in achieving t		
can be used to develop desired			
can be used to develop desired  Goal	Type of Training/Educa	tion/eDevelopment	Timeframe
	Type of Training/Educa	tion/eDevelopment	Timeframe
	Type of Training/Educa	tion/eDevelopment	Timeframe

#### **Support Needed**

As you work with your supervisor, it may be helpful to identify:

- Areas in which you're seeking coaching, mentoring or other support
- Feedback to confirm the priority of development goals set
- Approval for any budgetary funds that may be helpful to execute development goals



#### **Training & eDevelopment Options**

#### **Self-Awareness Goals**

#### Know thyself (Socrates)

Self-knowledge is strongly related to success in life and work. In one study, the best predictor of a high performance appraisal was seeing yourself as others see you; the best predicator of a low one was overrating your skills. Your goal? To assess strengths, understand and mitigate weakness and uncover blind spots.

- Myers-Briggs and DiSC Personality self-assessments are available in the following books in Accelerate. These offer a self-paced approach to uncovering behavioral preferences and learning how to adapt them to the needs of others that you may be interacting with. Click here for Accelerate instructions or refer to access information on page 2.
  - <u>Tips for Virtual Team Management</u>, Chapter 2 by Claire Sookman and Susan Garms (2009)
  - Making a Difference by Being Yourself: Using Your Personality Type at Work and in Relationships by Gregory E. Huszczo (2008)
- AcuMax Index assesses personal "hard-wiring". Organization & Employee
  Development (OED) uses this tool to work with individuals to build self-awareness
  and with teams to explore characteristics affecting team dynamics. Contact OED at
  577-2111 or oed@wayne.edu for more information.

Not sure what to focus upon? Consider exploring how others see you. Ask for feedback from a few sources. Different types of raters are likely to know about and be more accurate about different competencies.

#### WSU Organizational Awareness Goals

More business decisions occur over lunch and dinner than at any other time, yet no MBA courses are given on the subject (Peter Drucker)

Staying abreast of what is happening across WSU and understanding the interests of colleagues and effects of decisions and actions on them is a key component of working effectively within the

institution. It can also

alliances across WSU

help to establish

 Since so much changes in an organization as large and diverse as ours, it may be helpful to consider some of the below options even if you have been with WSU for a while:

- Virtual Office
- Virtual Tour
- About WSU
- Office of the President Resources, i.e. Recent Communications
- o Office of the Provost's Communications
- WSU Training & Development Opportunities
- o <u>University Policies and Procedures</u>
- WSU Safety
- WSU Insiders
- boundaries to better o WSU Knowledge on Tap serve the interests of Warrior Pride Videos

Don't know where to start? Identify the key players and their roles by observing how work gets done or asking individuals closest to you for input

and an introduction. Strive for a reciprocal relationship and recognize the
complexity of WSU. Tremendous opportunity is available for those who can
foster the right relationships and appreciation for how decisions are made,
who we serve and what's most important to each of our S/C/D's.

#### **Goal Setting**

Nothing motivates more – and manages time better - than a goal, a plan and a measure of a success. Set goals for yourself. These are essential for setting priorities. The most difficult thing is the decision to act, the rest is merely tenacity (Amelia Earhart)

• The following Acccelerate eResources are available to assist with goal planning:

#### eBooks:

- o The First 90 Days: Critical Success Strategies for New Leaders at All Levels
- The New Leader's 100-Day Action Plan: How to Take Charge, Build Your Team and Get Immediate Results (Third Edition)
- Goal Setting: How to Create an Action Plan and Achieve Your Goals, Second Edition by Susan B. Wilson & Michael S. Dobson (2008)
- Motivation and Goal-Setting: How to Set and Achieve Goals and Inspire Others by Jim Cairo (1998)

#### eCourses:

- Achieving Goals through Perseverance and Resilience (1 hour)
- Setting Goals (15 minute simulation)
- Managing Goals (15 minute simulation)

Encountering difficulty getting started? Procrastination and perfectionism both can be obstacles to starting the planning process. Incorporate ways to motivate yourself through this process by breaking large objectives into manageable minigoals and recognize your efforts along the way.

#### **Skill Development**

All areas of work have new and emerging technologies that underlie doing them well. Keeping up with the changes in your field is becoming even more important. If you want to be successful, it's just this simple. Know what you are doing. Love what you are doing. And believe in what you are doing. (Will Rogers)

- To grow in your current field, consider:
  - Asking an Expert. Find a seasoned master and ask if he/she would mind showing you the ropes and tutoring you. Ask questions such as, "How do you know what's important? What do you look at first? What the five keys you always look at or for? What do you read? Who do you go to for advice? How did you learn these skills at first?"
  - Network. Become a member of national or regional professional associations. Read their journal. Go to workshops or conferences.
  - Teach Others. One company found its technicians learned more from coffee break conversations than from instruction manuals. Teaching others helps you to substantiate and synthesize the information you know – deepening your learning as well as that of your students.



- To prepare for a new role, consider the skills you can leverage. Consider:
  - Past Accomplishments. Think back on the 5 main accomplishments you are most proud of. List them with a detailed description of what you did. Analyze the list to identify transferable skills (those that can apply to many different jobs and fields, i.e. organize, promote, plan).
  - Modeling. Think back to the kinds of skills you have had a chance to
    observe others doing well. Select experiences where you got a
    prolonged exposure, such as in internships, jobs, volunteer work,
    family interactions or other opportunities for vicarious learning. These
    are skills you most likely have just from having experienced them in
    person.
  - Encouragement. Think back on the positive feedback and encouragement you have received. Focus on the people who have really taken the time to get to know you and who have been your biggest supporters. Write down the feedback you received and notice how your sense of belief in yourself increases just by reading it and remembering it. Think now about the kind of encouragement you want to set and accomplish your career goals.

#### **Personal Resilience**

Sticking to the course, especially in the face of pushback and obstacles, is what perseverance and personal resilience is all about.

History has demonstrated that the most notable winners usually encountered heartbreaking obstacles before they triumphed. They won because they refused to become discouraged by defeat. (B. C. Forbes)

· Accelerate eResources that may be of interest include:

#### eBooks:

- Working Relationships: Using Emotional Intelligence to Enhance Your Effectiveness with Others, Revised Version by Bob Wall (2008)
- Bouncing Back: Rewiring Your Brain for Maximum Resilience and Well Being by Linda Graham (2013)

#### eCourses:

- Improving Your Emotional Intelligence Skills: Self-Awareness and Self-Management (1 hour)
- High How is Your EQ? (4 minute simulation)
- o Emotional Intelligence at Work (15 minute simulation)
- Trying to Stick it Out? If you normally give up after one or two tries, try something
  different. Sometimes we get stuck in a repeating groove that's not working. If you
  usually visit the office of someone you have difficulties with, invite him/her to your
  office or a neutral location instead. Think about multiple ways to get the same
  outcome before gravitating to your natural fall-back plans.
- Taking it Personally? Develop a philosophical stance toward rejection and failure.

After all, most innovations do fail, most proposals fail and most change efforts fail. Anything really worth doing takes repeated effort. Remember, resistance is normal; remind yourself of the business reasons to stay the course. Keep objective, listen, absorb the heat, look for quality feedback and respond appropriately and always return to the facts and your agenda. Focus on the work and not yourself.



#### **Ongoing Performance Management**

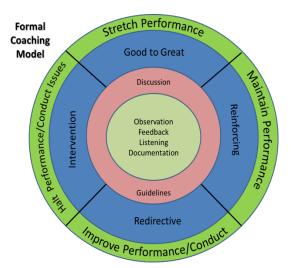
#### Coaching, Feedback & Documentation

Ongoing performance management is most effective when feedback is provided as needed or desired, not just at predetermined or pre-scheduled intervals. Each of your employees will require a different and unique mix of positive reinforcement, correction, constructive feedback and opportunities for development. There are two ways to approach this topic – from a formal or informal coaching model. Formal coaching is a more strategic approach and can be used to address any phase of an employee's performance. Informal coaching can be used for ongoing day-to-day conversations with your employee.

#### **Formal Coaching Model**

Looking at performance holistically helps managers to recognize that different conversations are needed for different employees and to adapt their approach accordingly. The formal coaching model enables managers to consider using a targeted approach to having a performance conversation. It is also designed to help address longer-term performance expectations (stretching, maintaining, improving or halting performance/conduct). Use this model to guide formal performance feedback meetings that are scheduled in advance.

The following techniques can be seen in the formal coaching model below: Stretch Performance, Maintain Performance, Improve Performance/Conduct and Halt Performance/Conduct Issues.



#### **Coaching Resources**

When coaching, be sure to reference:

WSU policy and collective bargaining agreements

Always consult with your HR
Consultant prior to instituting
disciplinary action with new or
non-represented employees and
Labor Relations for all nonacademic, represented employees.

Let's take a look at how the formal coaching model could apply to your employees. Some of your employees may be high performers seeking a challenge. If so, the stretch performance approach can help you to coach them from "Good to Great". Some employees may already be achieving performance goals and standards and you simply want to help them maintain that focus and "Reinforce" the behavior or performance. Other employees may not be performing at the desired level, so you may need to "Redirect" behavior or performance as a way to focus on improvement. Finally, some employees may need to stop a behavior as it relates to performance/conduct, so "Intervention" coaching is needed to halt performance/conduct. Based upon the different responsibilities an employee has, some may need all of these approaches. Other employees may be strong at some and need support with others. The key to this model is learning where and how to adapt.

#### Informal Coaching Model

While the formal coaching model can address all aspects of an employee's performance, the informal coaching model is best suited for shorter-term, more routine types of feedback. This model shows a process for managers to utilize when having an informal conversation. Note that all discussions should be grounded in an agreed-upon performance expectation. Once the expectation has been set, this model recognizes that you may praise or redirect performance based upon how well the employee met the expectation. We may all see why redirecting performance is necessary, but why recognize positive employee contributions? Praise increases employee engagement!

# Meeting Expectations or Above Expectations Praise Progress Redirect Performance

#### **Informal Coaching Model**

#### **Best Practices**

- Provide feedback in a timely manner. The further the feedback is removed from the accomplishment or issue, the less meaningful it becomes.
- Decide how you'll approach the coaching conversation, i.e. formal vs. informal.



- Prepare for the conversation.
- Prepare what you want to say depending on the type of conversation, i.e. formal vs. informal.
- Avoid one-sided conversations. Ask for feedback or ideas and use active listening.
- Praise in public but always correct in private.
- Be aware that there is a distinction between conduct and performance.
- Be specific and provide documentation whenever possible.
- Determine whether your employee will benefit more from "instructor" or "cheerleader" support.
  - A new employee with limited or developing skills but a positive demeanor may require more instruction than pep talks. (Instructor support)
  - A new employee with strong technical skills may require more reinforcement than actual instruction. (Cheerleader support)

#### What's in it for Me?

You will have a better understanding of where each employee is in their performance and development/career path. This will be of great benefit when assigning work, determining cross-training needs, mentoring relationships, establishing partnerships and evaluating performance.

#### Using the Coaching Tools...

There are a variety of resources available to help you prepare for and conduct your coaching conversation. See the tools available below to enhance your coaching conversations.

#### Performance vs. Behavior/Conduct Matrix

This tool will help you decide which approach to coaching or alternate course of action you should take with your employee, based on the type of employee situation and the frequency at which it occurs.

#### **Diagnosing Performance**

This decision tree will help you walk through potential causes for successful or unsuccessful performance outcomes and will direct you to the appropriate type of coaching conversation (within the Formal Coaching Model).

#### Tips for Coaching to Maintain [Reinforce] Performance Job Aid

When having a conversation about maintaining performance, this job aid will help you consider the type of encouragement to provide, based on the type of employee.

#### **Discussion Guidelines**

Regardless of the meeting type, all discussions should include some type of conversation focused on the observation of current performance/conduct and expected performance/conduct. These guidelines outline a five-phased approach to the coaching conversation:

- 1. Brief opening
- 2. Description of performance
- 3. Discussion
- 4. Development of ideas and next steps
- 5. Closing

#### **Discussion Guidelines Matrix**

Each conversation will vary based upon where the employee falls within the Formal Coaching Model. This matrix can be used as a guide for what should be included and how the conversation can flow for stretching, maintaining, improving or halting performance/conduct.

#### Halt Performance - Discussion Planning Worksheet

When having a conversation with an employee about improving or halting performance/conduct, this template will help guide you through each step of the discussion guidelines.



### Performance vs. Behavior/Conduct Matrix

Use this chart to help you decide which approach to coaching you should take with your employee.

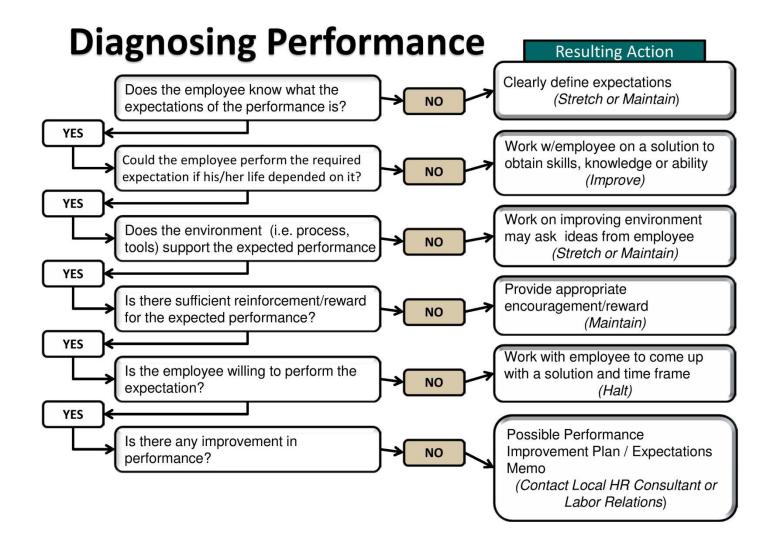
**Performance Issues** are recognized as accomplishments, results or outcomes. **Behavior/Conduct Issues** are recognized by the manner in which one conducts oneself.

	Performa	nce Issue	Behavior, Iss	/Conduct ue
1	Infrequent	Frequent	Infrequent	Frequent
	Informal Coaching	Formal	Informal Coaching	Formal
	Formal	Contact HR Consultant or Labor Relations	Contact HR Consultant or Labor Relations	Contact HR Consultant or Labor Relations

Not Serious / Low Impact

Serious / High Impact







# JOB AID TIPS FOR COACHING TO MAINTAIN (REINFORCE) PERFORMANCE

As a manager, it is important to provide encouragement to your employees. However, not all employees will benefit from the same style of encouragement. Use this chart to match your employee's preferences with the type of encouragement they prefer.

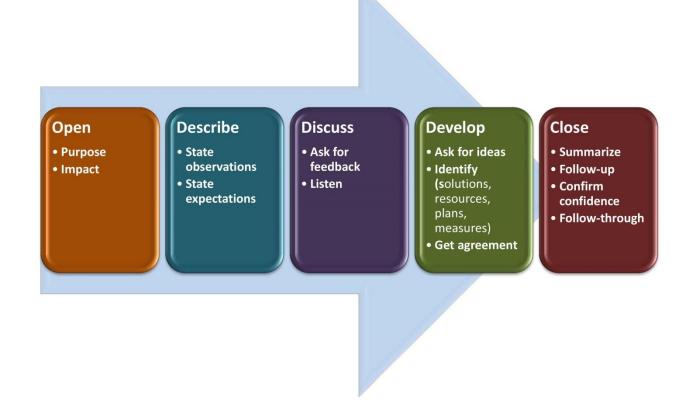
Type of Employee	Type of Encouragement		
Front-and Center Type of Person  Loves to be out there mixing with people  Likes to try new methods  Pushes his/her ideas and challenges the rules  At times, oblivious to his/her weaknesses  When he/she "slumps", can get very "down"	Public praise for good performance; receiving awards such as a plaques     You can have this discussion in front of others as it is public praise		
In-the-Wings Type Person  Loves to feel included  Unhurried & dislikes pressure  Prefers an informal interaction  Tends to be cautious and wants to work with others in accomplishing goals	One-on-one time with you     Discuss performance & growth     A commitment from you to work on his/her concerns     Coffee break or lunch together		
Behind-the-Scenes Type Person  Doesn't want the limelight  Low key  Needs to know he/she can trust people in leadership Hard on him/herself when he/she makes a mistake	Personal or written thanks for good performance     You might want to send them an immediate e-mail saying what you normally would say in person in the e-mail		



# **Discussion Guidelines**

Use this chart to guide the content and progression of your coaching conversations.

Refer to the Discussion Guidelines Matrix for specific guidance.





#### **Discussion Guidelines Matrix**

		Open		Describe		Discuss		Develop		Close
l l	✓	Purpose	✓	State Observations	✓	Ask for Feedback	✓	Ask for Ideas	1	Summarize
	✓	Impact	<b>V</b>	State Expectations	✓	Listen	1	Identify (solutions,	1	Follow up (if applicable)
								resources, plans,	1	Confirm confidence
								measures)	<b>V</b>	Follow through (if applicable)
	L						✓	Get agreement		
Depending on type of discussion focus will be different. See below.										
Discussion										
Type Stretch	1	Purpose	<b>√</b>	State current	<b>✓</b>	Ask for feedback,	1	Ask for ideas on	1	Summarize
Performance	1	Impact	٧	observations of success		questions, concerns	•	process/format for	1	Set <b>follow up</b> dates and rewards /
Periormance		ппрасс		in performance		(employee's point of		guidance		consequences
			1	State expectations of		view)	1	Identify resources and	1	Confirm confidence in
			3.833	performance for new	1	Listen		support needed		employee's ability to achieve
				task or project	1	Listell	1	Identify action plan	1	Follow through
				task of project	155.0		1	Identify measures of	1.50	Tollow till ough
							155	progress		
							1	Get agreement and		
								commitment		
Maintain	1	Purpose	<b>√</b>	State current	<b>√</b>	Ask for feedback	<b>✓</b>	Ask for ideas on how	1	Summarize
Performance	1	Impact		observations of success		(employee's point of		to maintain the	1	Confirm confidence in
		•		of performance		view)		performance		employee's ability to continue to
			1	State how performance	1	Listen	1	Identify any future		achieve
				met or exceeded				needs and preferences		50 Mg Haddy (100 Mg 150)
				expectations				for reinforcement		
							1	Get Agreement on		
								reinforcement		
								preferences		
Improve	✓	Purpose	✓	State current	✓	Ask for feedback,	✓	Ask for ideas on	✓	Summarize
Performance/	1	Impact		observations of		questions, concerns		solutions	1	Set follow up dates and rewards /
Conduct				performance/conduct		(get employee's	1	<b>Identify</b> resources and	200	consequences
			✓	State expectations of		point of view on		support that might be	1	Confirm confidence in
				performance/conduct		causes)	,,,,,,	needed		employee's ability to achieve
					<b>V</b>	Listen	1	Identify action plan	1	Follow-through by:
							1	<b>Identify</b> measures of		Observing behavior
							,	progress		Rewarding new behavior, or
							<b>V</b>	Get agreement		o If improvement is still needed,
										working on behavior



#### **Discussion Guidelines Matrix**

		Open		Describe		Discuss		Develop		Close
	<b>✓</b> ✓	Purpose Impact	1	State Observations State Expectations	✓	Ask for Feedback Listen		Ask for Ideas Identify (solutions, resources, plans, measures) Get agreement	\ \ \ \ \	Summarize Follow up (if applicable) Confirm confidence Follow through (if applicable)
Depending on type of discussion focus will be different. See below.										
Discussion Type										
Halt Performance/ Conduct	<b>√</b> ✓	Purpose Impact	✓ ✓	State current observations of performance/conduct State expectations of performance/conduct	✓	Ask for feedback, questions, concerns (get employee's point of view on causes) Listen	\(   \)	Ask for ideas on solutions Identify resources and support that might be needed Identify action plan Identify measures of progress Get agreement	√ √ ✓ ✓	Summarize Set follow up dates and rewards/consequences Confirm confidence in employee's ability to achieve Follow-through by: Observing behavior Rewarding new behavior, or If improvement is still needed, working on behavior If continuing efforts do not resolve the behavior, contacting your Human Resources Consultant/Labor Relations Specialist



Employee:
Date:
Halt Performance Discussion Planning Worksheet
Opening: "I have noticed [behavior/performance] that I would like to discuss with you. I would like to explain my thinking on what I observed and then invite you to give me your point of view on what I am about to say."
If this does not fit, how you would say it? Write your own opening:
Describe  State What You Observed (Current Behavior/Performance):  "The behavior/ performance that I am actually seeing is" Write a description of behavior/performance
State/Clarify Expectations (Desired Behavior/Performance): "The behavior/performance that I expected to see was" Write a description of previously stated expectations
Discuss  Invite the employee's point of view: "Tell me how you see the situation." Be open that for a performance issuer, there could be real process issues or environment issues or items that you the supervisor can change or need to work onif so include those items in the solution (which is the next step).
Document what the employee says:

Develop Find a Solution: "What could you do differently?"					
Document what employee says:					
<u>Identify resources, plans, and measures</u> : Have some ideas written to suggest to employee and document employee's ideas					
Your ideas:					
Document your employee's ideas					
Agree on Action to Be Taken (by employee and by you): "SoYou will" Have employee summarize the action he/she will take. "Okaygood. I will" Summarize your actions.					
Document agreement:					
Close Summarize discussion with employee. "Let's review"					
Follow up Steps and Dates: "As stated, the key next steps will be completed by", "We will meet again on", "Come to me if you run into any barriers or have any questions."					
Document Follow Up Steps and Dates					
Confirm confidence "I believe you have the ability to", "I think you can handle"					
Write your vote of confidence statement out prior:					
Follow up!					

Be sure to do everything you agreed to do...then follow up on that date and document the discussion. Reward new behavior or agree to keep working on the behavior depending on the performance of the employee.



# **Evaluating Performance**

As a manager, you have set the expectations of performance, coached the employee along the way and now it is time to give an overall evaluation of performance. If you have worked to incorporate the best practices from the earlier sections of this guide, you will be able to provide an objective evaluation with no surprises to the employee. The evaluation builds off of and incorporates the other elements of the performance management process. The performance evaluation is a critical tool for ensuring that employees receive the information that they need to be successful in their role, to build their careers, and to contribute to the overall success of the University. When evaluating performance, there are two specific processes/forms to use, based on the type of employee you are evaluating:

- The Annual Review process/form is used for evaluating the performance of your P&A, Staff Association employees and Custodial/Ground Supervisors.
- The Final Assessment process/form is used for evaluating the performance of your Non-Academic, Non-Represented employees

When evaluating performance for any employee, you are rating the **what** (performance) and the **how** (behavior).

# What Do You Rate?

Drocoss	For Whom	Rate Performance		
Process	FOI WHOIH	What	How	
Annual Review	<ul> <li>P&amp;A Employees</li> <li>Staff Association Employees</li> <li>Custodial &amp; Grounds Supervisors</li> </ul>	Job Duties / Tasks / Responsibilities	Performance Factors	
Employee Planning & Assessment	Non-Academic, Non-Represented Employees	Performance Objectives	Competencies	

# Key Performance Management Forms

Be sure to reference WSU policy in the Non-Rep Manual, 1.13 Performance Evaluation and nonacademic, represented collective bargaining agreements

Click <u>Here</u> for Final Assessment Resources

#### **Best Practices**

- Review employee's self-assessment (if applicable) as well as your own documentation (notes, letters, files, etc.) before working on the review/assessment.
- Be consistent when assigning rating scores. Ensure that the overall rating you select matches the
  ratings selected in the body of the evaluation (an item can only carry more weight in the overall
  rating, if it was discussed and noted in the planning document).
- Think about the feedback you will give and questions you will ask during the meeting with your employee.
- Use appropriate comments.
- Consider factors that have affected performance both within and outside the control of the individual.
- Decide on the structure of the meeting.
- Make it "priority time".
- Be clear about the purpose of the meeting.
- Encourage your employee's participation by asking questions.
- Listen actively.
- Be sincere and interested.

#### What's in it for Me?

An objective and effective evaluation helps set the stage for strong performance and employee engagement.

# Using the Performance Evaluation Tools...

# **Performance Management Competency Dictionary**

Evaluations are based on a set of agreed-upon performance expectations. This tool can help you clearly define expectations and hold your employees accountable for them. This tool can also provide a foundation for employee development discussions. It includes competencies for all non-academic, non-represented employees as well as members of the P&A, Staff Association and Custodial/Ground Supervisors collective bargaining agreements.

# WaynePM Processes and Work Flows

Many of your performance management processes will be completed in WaynePM – WSU's electronic performance management system. This tool provides a quick overview of the performance management processes and work flows for Non-Academic, Non-Represented employees and P&A, Staff Association employees and Custodial/Ground Supervisors. This is especially helpful if you have employees from both groups!



# **Performance Evaluation Forms**

Your performance evaluations will be completed using forms within the WaynePM system. Blank samples of these forms are available for your reference:

- Planning and Assessment Form for Non-Academic, Non-Represented Employees
- Annual Review Form for P&A, Staff Association employees and Custodial/Grounds Supervisors

# Rating Errors/Pitfalls to Avoid Job Aid

Sometimes, even without realizing it, past experiences or biased feelings can prevent managers from providing objective rating scores for their employees. This is referred to as a rating error or pitfall. This job aid will help pull those subconscious biases to the surface so you can approach each performance rating objectively. Use this job aid to recognize various types of errors, the definition of the error and an example of when it can occur.

# PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT COMPETENCY DICTIONARY CLARIFYING REQUIREMENTS FOR POSITION SUCCESS

#### Introduction

Competencies are used to plan, guide and develop behavior/performance. The purpose of this Competency Dictionary is to provide a master list of observable, best practice behaviors to enable leaders to pinpoint specific requirements for any position.

It is based upon the premise that in every job, some people perform more effectively than others:

- These people approach their jobs differently from the typical worker
- · These differences in approach relate directly to specific characteristics
- These characteristics, or competencies, are what define outstanding performers; they are often absent in typical performers

The benefit in defining a set of competencies for a position is that it enables consistent and aligned expectations to be set that are infused in all aspects of the hiring process and beyond. For instance, these competencies may be incorporated in the job description, interview questions, and orientation/onboarding plan as well as in formal and informal performance coaching and appraisal conversations.

#### **Defining Competencies**

Competencies are underlying characteristics of an individual which is related to effective or superior performance in a job which can be:

- · Motives, traits, self-concepts, attitudes or values, technical knowledge, or behavioral skills
- Measured
- A differentiator between superior and average performers, or between effective and ineffective performers

The best way to discover the competencies that relate to effective performance is to **study top performers.** Top performers demonstrate selected competencies more often, in more situations, with better results.



#### **Using This Guide**

Each competency in the dictionary has a definition and a set of behavioral indicators. When coaching an employee on a particular competency, consider:

- To what degree does the employee's performance mirror that of the behavioral indicators?
  - Does it exceed the indicator statements? If so, consider coaching to stretch performance. Note: sometimes we can "overuse" strengths and find that they can be actually be a detriment. Be mindful of behaviors taken to an extreme.
  - o Does it *match* the indicator statements? If so, consider coaching to maintain performance.
  - O Does it fall short of the indicator statements? If so, consider coaching to improve or halt performance/conduct. Consider if the performance expectation clearly addressed each of the behavior indicators. If not, it may be helpful to re-set expectations and begin coaching once again. If so, it may be helpful to more clearly describe what the behavioral indicators truly look like for this employee's role. What are examples of these behaviors in practice? Prepare for a 2-way conversation about how the employee can embody these behaviors and what, if anything, may prevent him/her from achieving this goal.
- Would employee development be helpful to build skill or knowledge around these behavioral indicators?
- Have you created a climate that rewards and recognizes when these behavioral indicators occurs?
   Likewise, have you created a climate that consistently redirects behaviors that fall short of this goal?
   Inconsistent coaching can send mixed signals to employees if you sometimes redirect behavior that falls short but not all the time, employees may not see how important you feel these behaviors are and be less motivated to demonstrate them.

Note: While WSU doesn't have one core set of competencies to be used universally across the University, this dictionary includes:

- Competencies featured in WaynePM (formerly known as Wayne LEADS). These form the foundation for performance management and employee development conversations with non-academic, nonrepresented employees.
- Performance factors described in the performance planning and development annual review form for
  employees represented by Staff Association and P&A. While these may not always be included in the job
  description, it is important to align to them as they provide the foundation for performance management
  conversations once the employee is hired.

For non-academic employees represented by collective bargaining agreements other than Staff Association or P&A, contact TCW and Labor Relations to discuss applicable contract requirements.

# **Table of Contents**

Competency	WSU Competency Source  WaynePM or  S/P&A: Staff and P&A Annual Review	Page
Analytical & Problem Solving Skills	WaynePM	4
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Supervision and Development of Employees (see also Developing Direct Reports)	S/P&A	12
Timely Decision Making	WaynePM	12



Place a checkmark next to the top 5-7 competencies most critical required for success in the position.

C	Competency	WSU Audience	Key Behavioral Indicators
L. ee nn da iii iii s. aa	Analytical & Problem Solving Skills  Uses analysis, wisdom, experience, and logical methods to solve difficult problems; incorporates multiple inputs to establish shared ownership and action  See also "Problem Analysis and Decision Making"	Non-Academic, Non-Represented  Included in WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system	<ul> <li>Uses a combination of logic, analysis, experience, wisdom, advanced methods, and other resources to solve problems</li> <li>Demonstrates the ability to solve complex, difficult, and intractable problems</li> <li>Creates effective and innovative solutions</li> <li>Skillfully probes all appropriate sources</li> <li>Demonstrates advanced skill and keen insight in gathering, sorting, and applying key information and demonstrates deep resolve and resilience throughout the process</li> <li>Is well respected inside and outside the department; is often pursued as a consultant for input, analysis, process support, and direction</li> </ul>
IS V C a a n iii a c V	Is able to write in a variety of communication settings and styles; can get messages across that instigates appropriate actions; orally communicates in a variety of formal and informal settings; actively listens	Non-Academic, Non-Represented and Represented by Staff and P&A  Included in WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system and in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>Both Written &amp; Oral:</li> <li>Clearly and persuasively articulates ideas, opinions, information and needs orally and in writing</li> <li>Uses effective listening skills to identify important information</li> <li>Anticipates audience needs; makes complex concepts easy to understand</li> <li>Develops communication plans; identifies stakeholders for whom information and input is needed</li> <li>Written:</li> <li>Is proficient in a variety of writing styles and uses the appropriate style that suits the message and audience</li> <li>Regularly produces written communications that positively affect attitudes and beliefs through inspirational and timely messages</li> <li>Composes clear, concise and crisp messages</li> <li>Oral:</li> <li>Articulately expresses oneself to large or small groups or one-on-one</li> <li>Comfortably presents to a broad and diverse population</li> <li>Responds tactfully when faced with on-the-spot questions or challenges</li> </ul>

Competency	WSU Audience	Key Behavioral Indicators
Creativity and Innovation  Examines status quo and looks for better ways of doing things  See also "Innovation"	Non-Academic, Non-Represented  Included in the WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system	Resourceful; deviates from the routine Develops and implements new methods, procedures solutions, concepts, designs and or applications Demonstrates imagination and originality Makes innovative contributions Has good judgment about which creative ideas and suggestions will work Is good at bringing creative ideas out of other others
Customer Service/ Customer Focus  Commits to meeting the expectations and requirements of internal and external customers; acts with customers in mind; values importance of providing high-quality customer service	Non-Academic, Non-Represented and Represented by Staff and P&A  Included in WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system	<ul> <li>Strategically plans ways to demonstrate superior customer service</li> <li>Interacts regularly with customers to gain feedback and to ascertain ways to improve services</li> <li>Establishes and nurtures relationships with customers, regularly inviting feedback and suggestions</li> <li>Acts with customers in mind and considers customer service of paramount importance</li> <li>Consistently exceeds customer expectations</li> <li>Proactively identifies customer issues and quickly and effectively resolves customers' problems</li> </ul>
Dealing with Change  Maintains performance with changing circumstances; handles stress; able to move into action without having the total picture; tolerates uncertainty	Non-Academic, Non-Represented Included in the WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system	<ul> <li>Anticipates impact of change, and directs self and others in smoothly shifting gears</li> <li>Uses ingenuity in dealing with ambiguous situations, and helps others to cope effectively</li> <li>Thrives on situations involving risk and uncertainty</li> </ul>
Dependability  Follows through on assignments; prompt in completing tasks	Non-Academic, Represented by Staff and P&A  Included in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>Attendance and punctuality meets the requirements of WSU policy and collective bargaining agreement (disregarding FMLA-protected absence)</li> <li>Reliable</li> <li>Meets established schedules and deadlines</li> <li>Demonstrates commitment to department and University goals</li> <li>Attends to detail</li> <li>Follows up on progress of work</li> <li>Follows instructions and appropriate procedures</li> <li>Fulfills responsibilities</li> <li>Maintains confidentiality as appropriate</li> </ul>



Competency	WSU Audience	Key Behavioral Indicators
Human Relations  Relates well to a variety of people, builds rapport and relationships  See also Interpersonal Skills	Non-Academic, Represented by Staff and P&A Included in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>Interacts effectively and maintains positive relationships with peers, subordinates and customers</li> <li>Builds teamwork</li> <li>Motivates and inspires others</li> <li>Cooperates with persons outside the department</li> <li>Willingly accepts instructions and assignments</li> <li>Assists others to accomplish work objectives</li> <li>Develops confidence</li> <li>Uses positive reinforcement</li> <li>Treats people with respect</li> </ul>
Initiative  Takes action to achieve goals beyond what is expected; drives to bring issues to a successful closure; self-starter  Note: This competency is entitled Initiative and Creativity in the Staff and P&A's Performance Planning and Development Annual Review Form ( See also "Creativity & Innovation")	Non-Academic, Non-Represented and Represented by Staff and P&A  Included in WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system and in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>Volunteers readily</li> <li>Undertakes self-development activities</li> <li>Seeks increased responsibilities</li> <li>Takes independent actions and calculated risks</li> <li>Looks for and takes advantage of opportunities</li> <li>Asks for and offers help when needed</li> <li>Sets and achieves challenging goals</li> <li>Demonstrates persistence and overcomes obstacles</li> <li>Requires much less support than most other people or groups</li> <li>Needs little unplanned guidance or help</li> <li>Independent</li> <li>Self-motivated</li> <li>Self-starter</li> <li>When bringing problems to leadership, brings solutions</li> </ul>
Innovation  Resourceful to deviate from the routine; develops and implements new methods, procedures solutions, concepts, designs and or applications; demonstrates imagination and originality; makes innovative contributions	Non-Academic, Non-Represented Included in WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system	<ul> <li>Synthesizes complex or diverse information</li> <li>Collects and researches data</li> <li>Uses intuition and experience to complement data and solve problems</li> <li>Designs work flows and procedures</li> <li>Translates concepts and information into images</li> <li>Displays original thinking and creativity</li> <li>Uses feedback to modify designs</li> <li>Displays original thinking and generates creative solutions</li> <li>Is seen as bringing out the best in others in brainstorming sessions or one-on-one</li> <li>Is unafraid to use unorthodox methods</li> <li>Thinks creatively and implements solutions for everyday problems</li> </ul>

Competency	WSU Audience	Key Behavioral Indicators
Note: This competency is entitled <i>Creativity &amp; Innovation</i> in WayneLEADS  Job/Functional Skills  Has the functional and technical knowledge and skills to do the job at a satisfactory level of accomplishment  Note: This competency is entitled Job/Organizational Knowledge in the Staff and P&A's Performance Planning and Development Annual Review Form	Non-Academic, Non-Represented and Represented by Staff and P&A  Included in the WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system and in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>Strives to continually improve own processes and areas of business</li> <li>Implements new progressive programs/processes</li> <li>Identifies gaps against best practice (nationally and internationally)</li> <li>Puts forward proposals and develops strategic implementation plans to introduce new and improved ways of operating</li> <li>Demonstrates appropriate level of knowledge in specific field or discipline and ability to apply technical and procedural knowledge</li> <li>Possesses an understanding of facts and information related to assignments, including department and University policies</li> <li>Maintains technical competence; demonstrates an active interest in enhancing current skills and learning new ones</li> <li>Selects, combines or invents appropriate tools or technology for tasks</li> <li>Improves or redesigns processes, tools or technologies</li> <li>Is sought out by others for technical expertise and knowledge</li> <li>Shares expertise with others, teaching skills and explaining concepts</li> </ul>
Personal Credibility  Is widely trusted; is seen as a direct, truthful individual; presents truthful information in an appropriate and helpful manner; keeps confidences; admits mistakes; doesn't misrepresent himself or herself for personal gain	Non-Academic, Non-Represented  Included in the WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system	<ul> <li>Widely trusted and seen as direct, truthful and ethical</li> <li>Presents truthful information in an appropriate and helpful manner</li> <li>Respected for knowledge and the relationships he/she builds with others</li> <li>Known for keeping the confidences of others</li> <li>Keeps commitments and follows through on tasks</li> <li>Makes decisions based on what it is best for the organization rather than on personal gain</li> </ul>
Planning/Organizing Skills  Determines short term	Non-Academic, Non-Represented and Represented by Staff and P&A	<ul> <li>Defines short and long range objectives/goals and procedures</li> <li>Develops strategies to achieve organizational goals; establishes priorities</li> </ul>



Competency	WSU Audience	Key Behavioral Indicators
objectives and action steps for achieving them	Included in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>Organizes or schedules other people and their tasks; arranges work schedules; delegates work</li> <li>Effectively uses resources</li> <li>Completes projects on time and on budget</li> <li>Anticipates problems</li> <li>Follows up to ensure work is completed</li> <li>Prioritizes and plans work activities; adapts to changing conditions</li> <li>Communicates changes and progress</li> </ul>
Problem Solving Skills  Ability to identify, analyze and solve a problem in support of personal, group, department or organization objectives  Note: This competency is entitled Problem Analysis & Decision Making in the Staff and P&A's Performance Planning and Development Annual Review Form	Non-Academic, Non-Represented and Represented by Staff and P&A  Included in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>Identifies and resolves problems in a timely manner</li> <li>Gathers and analyzes information skillfully</li> <li>Asks for input and provides information and feedback in a timely manner</li> <li>Works well in group problem solving situations</li> <li>Uses reason even when dealing with emotional topics</li> <li>Meets challenges with resourcefulness</li> <li>Generates suggestions for improving work</li> <li>Develops alternative approaches and ideas</li> <li>Presents ideas and information in a manner that gets others' attention</li> <li>Develops sound, practical and workable solutions</li> <li>Recognizes when a decision is necessary; willing to make necessary and immediate decisions given incomplete information</li> </ul>
Productivity/ Accomplishment  Demonstrates initiative and resourcefulness to achieve desired goals and objectives. Strives for excellence.	Non-Academic, Represented by Staff and P&A  Included in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>Performs work that is accurate and thorough</li> <li>Work is performed at the speed required</li> <li>Output is consistently at an acceptable level</li> </ul>
Professional Development  Embraces continuous learning and renewal. Has an affinity for	Non-Academic, Represented by Staff and P&A Included in Staff and P&A's	<ul> <li>Learns appropriate work related skills and procedures</li> <li>Works to develop professionally</li> <li>Growing in professional skills and knowledge</li> </ul>

Competency	WSU Audience	Key Behavioral Indicators
discovering new ideas, experimenting to learn and acquiring knowledge	performance planning and development annual review form	
Quality of Work  Consistently takes action to improve work processes, maintain attention to detail and is committed to high standards of work product	Non-Academic, Represented by Staff and P&A  Included in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>Delivers quality results in a timely and efficient manger</li> <li>Work produced is accurate and thorough</li> </ul>
Teamwork and Team Building  Effectively works toward common goals by supporting, encouraging and sharing information with colleagues	Non-Academic, Non-Represented  Included in WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system	<ul> <li>Responds and relates well to people in all positions</li> <li>Is seen as a team player; cooperative</li> <li>Looks for common ground; solves problems for the good of all</li> <li>Encourages collaboration and seeks feedback</li> <li>Represents own interests but also is open and fair to those of others</li> <li>Demonstrates respect for others</li> </ul>
Time Management  Achieves work priorities by prioritizing tasks; develops strategies to achieve goals in the timeframe in which they're required	Non-Academic, Non-Represented  Included in the WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system	<ul> <li>Accurately scopes out length and difficulty of tasks and projects</li> <li>Breaks down work into process steps</li> <li>Develops schedules for the completion of tasks</li> <li>Realistically estimates time and resource requirements on projects</li> <li>Anticipates and adjusts for problems and roadblocks</li> <li>Effectively shifts priorities and multi-tasks on projects</li> <li>Consistently meets deadlines</li> </ul>



# ADDITIONAL MANAGER/LEADERSHIP COMPETENCIES

Competency	Source: WaynePM or Staff & PA	Key Behavioral Indicators
Affirmative Action & EEO Compliance  Meets affirmative action responsibilities	Non-Academic, Represented by Staff and P&A  Included in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>Monitor unit employment practices to support University efforts in meeting diversity goals</li> <li>Ensure compliance with the law and University policy</li> <li>Support, enforce and adhere to the University's policies for non-discrimination and a harassment-free workplace</li> </ul>
Accountability/ Managerial Courage  Accepts responsibility for one's actions and encourages the same in others; tactfully shares feedback in a way that it can be heard while keeping ownership task firmly in its rightful place; unafraid to have difficult conversations	Non-Academic, Non-Represented Included in the WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system	<ul> <li>Provides current, direct, complete and actionable feedback for others to reinforce positive behaviors or to correct behaviors for continuous improvement</li> <li>Let's people know where they stand</li> <li>Faces up to people problems in any situation quickly and directly</li> <li>Is comfortable taking negative action when necessary</li> <li>Takes personal responsibility for action and encourages others to do the same</li> <li>Doesn't hold back on anything that needs to be said; shares feedback in a manner in which it can best be heard</li> </ul>
Business Acumen  Combines job knowledge and broad university knowledge to achieve Wayne State University goals	Non-Academic, Non-Represented  Included in WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system for Managers	<ul> <li>Demonstrates a high level understanding of how business works</li> <li>Possesses keen business judgment and insight</li> <li>Demonstrates broad knowledge and perspective</li> <li>Is future-oriented</li> <li>Understands the WSU Strategic Priorities inside and out</li> <li>Is aware of how strategies and tactics work in the educational competitive market</li> </ul>
Developing Direct Reports  Creates an environment that fosters learning, growth and development.	Non-Academic, Non-Represented and Represented by Staff and P&A  Included in the WaynePM (formerly	<ul> <li>Is a people builder; considers him/herself in a position of responsibility for the advancement of others</li> <li>Identifies potential in others; looks for new ways to creatively challenge others</li> <li>Provides development tasks and challenging assignments</li> <li>Considers the career goals of direct reports and is</li> </ul>

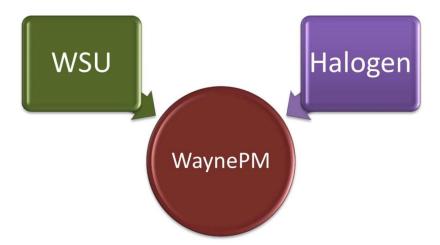
Competency	Source: WaynePM or Staff & PA	Key Behavioral Indicators
Note: This competency is entitled Supervision & Development of Employees in the Staff and P&A's Performance Planning and Development Annual Review Form	WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system and in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>intentional regarding providing development opportunities</li> <li>Works jointly with others to help them construct personal development plans; provides guidance, support and follow up on plan</li> <li>Encourages direct reports to accept development opportunities; removes obstacles for employees to attend training courses or participate in development activities</li> <li>Provides feedback and coaching</li> </ul>
Fiscal Management  Devise final strategies to maintain budgetary compliance; assess financial implications of decisions and actions and balance data analysis with judgment about what's best for the organization	Non-Academic, Represented by Staff and P&A  Included in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>Prepare and/or maintain budget</li> <li>Operate within budget by controlling costs and keeping within prescribed limits; assume responsibility for fiscal planning, monitoring and adjustment in light of constraints</li> <li>Record, analyze, monitor, develop, correct and/or approve transactions, budgets, and proposals in compliance with established policy and procedure</li> </ul>
Leadership  Links vision to goals/objectives, influences others, models the way and is a source for encouragement. Actively seeks positive change for the organization.  Note: This competency is entitled Organizational Leadership in TCWs Special Skills found in the Online Hiring System	Non-Academic, Non-Represented  Included in WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system	<ul> <li>Creates a climate in which people want to do their best</li> <li>Inspires and motivates others; builds commitment and overcomes resistance from others</li> <li>Influences others to follow a common goal</li> <li>Is forward thinking; creates vision and strategy aligned with the needs of the organization and that capitalizes upon internal and external opportunities</li> <li>Is a good role model</li> <li>Displays willingness to make decisions; solicits and applies internal and external stakeholder feedback</li> <li>Relates work tasks to key organizational objectives/vision</li> <li>Exhibits sound and accurate judgment; supports and explains reasons for decisions when appropriate</li> <li>Prepares and supports those affected by change</li> <li>Makes each individual feel his/her work is important</li> </ul>
Strategic Agility	Non-Academic, Non-Represented	Recognizes strategic opportunities for change     Sees ahead clearly
Ability to establish a course of action to	Included in the	Accurately assesses the value of creative ideas and suggestions



Competency	Source: WaynePM or Staff & PA	Key Behavioral Indicators
accomplish a long- range goal or vision; anticipates future consequences and trends; recognizes strategic opportunities for change	WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system	<ul> <li>Can plan and operationalize ideas</li> <li>Has a well-rounded perspective</li> <li>Anticipates future consequences and trends accurately</li> <li>Articulate visions of possibilities and likelihoods</li> </ul>
Supervision and Development of Employees  Directs, guides and supports employee performance  See also "Developing Direct Reports"	Non-Academic, Represented by Staff and P&A  Included in Staff and P&A's performance planning and development annual review form	<ul> <li>Trains, guides and assists employees</li> <li>Appraises and reviews performance of supervised employees in a timely, fair and appropriate manner</li> <li>Motivates employees to perform effectively</li> <li>Recognizes and encourages employee development</li> <li>Maintains appropriate standards of performance</li> <li>Resolves personnel-related problems and issues in a timely and effective manner</li> </ul>
Timely Decision Making  Makes decisions in a timely manner by selecting approaches based upon available information and strategic objectives and perceiving the impact and implications of the decision made	Non-Academic, Non-Represented  Included in the WaynePM (formerly WayneLEADS) performance appraisal system	<ul> <li>Makes timely decisions, given the necessary information or even with incomplete information</li> <li>Will make a quick decision when required</li> <li>Quickly sizes up multiple situations and complex problems</li> <li>Thinks well on his/her feet</li> </ul>

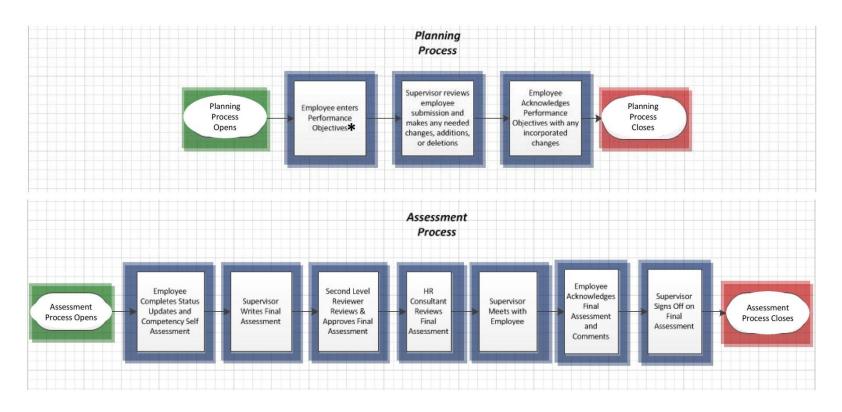
# WaynePM Processes and Work Flows

Wayne State University has partnered with Halogen to offer an automated performance management system to handle WSU's varied performance management processes.





# Non-Academic, Non-Represented Employee Planning & Assessment



49

\*Based on discussion with supervisor



# Non-Academic, Non-Represented Planning Overview: Work Flow Diagram

# Step 1: Employee Enters Performance Objectives\*

- · Enter Review Period
- Enter Performance Objectives
- Complete

\*Based on discussion with supervisor



# Step 2: Supervisor Reviews Employee submission and Makes



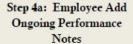
- Make any changes
- Communicate with Employee any
- Third Party Review/Input, if
- Complete



# Step 3: Employee Acknowledges Performance Objectives with Any Incorporated Changes

- Review Performance Objectives
- Review/Acknowledge





 Add notes, updates, documents, etc. to Performance Objectives throughout the performance

## Step 4b: Supervisor Add Ongoing Performance Notes

- · Add notes, updates, etc. to Performance Objectives throughout the performance
- Add Manager Notes throughout the performance year



# Non-Academic, Non-Represented

# Final Assessment Overview: Work Flow Diagram

## Step 1: Employee Completes Status Updates and

## Competency Self Assessment

- Enter Review Period
- Enter Performance Objectives
- Enter Status Updates
- Complete Competency Self Assessment
- Enter Other Contributions & Employee Comments
- Enter Self Assessment Overall Rating
- Complete

## Step 2: Supervisor Writes Final Assessment

- Review Employee Self-Assessment
- Enter Comments for Performance Objectives & Assign Ratings
- Complete Competency Assessment
- Enter Supervisor Summary Comments
- Assign Overall Rating
- Third Party Review, if applicable
- Complete

# Step 3: Second Level Reviews & Approves Final Assessment

- Review Final Assessment
- If applicable, add Annotation Notes and Send Back to Author
- Review/Acknowledge



# Step 4: HR Consultant Reviews Final

#### Assessment

- Review Final Assessment
- If applicable, add Annotation Notes and Send Back to Author
- Review/Acknowledge

# Step 5: Supervisor Meets with Employee

- Print two copies for meeting
- Meet with employee and share copy
- Mark as Completed



## Step 6: Employee Acknowledges Final Assessment and

#### Comments

- Enter Employee Comments
- Review/Acknowledge

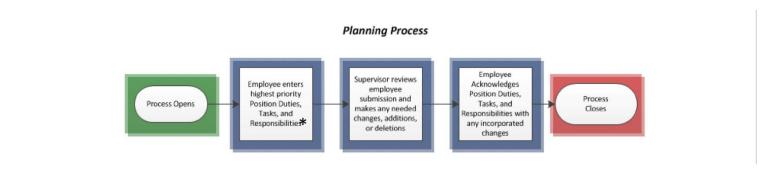


### Step 7: Supervisor Signs Off on Final Assessment

- Review Employee Comments
- Review/Acknowledge



# **P&A and Staff Association**Annual Review Process





\*Based on discussion with supervisor



# **P&A and Staff Association** Planning Overview: Work Flow Diagram

# Step 1: Employee **Enters Highest Priority** Position Duties, Tasks, and Responsibilities\*

- Enter Review Period
- Enter Tasks, Duties & Responsibilities/Goals
- Enter Development Plan, if applicable
- Complete

\*Based on discussion with supervisor



# Step 2: Supervisor Reviews Employee submission and Makes Any Needed Changes,

- Review Employee Tasks, Duties & Responsibilities/Goals and Make any Changes Necessary
- Review Employee Development Plan and Make Any Changes Necessary
- Communicate with Employee any Changes
- Third Party Review/Input, if applicable
- Complete



# Step 3: Employee Acknowledges Performance Objectives with Any Incorporated

#### Changes

- Review Tasks, Duties & Responsibilities/Goals
- Review Development Plan
- Review/Acknowledge



## Step 4a: Employee Add Ongoing Performance Notes

 Add notes, updates, documents, etc. Tasks, Duties & Responsibilities/Goals throughout the performance

## Step 4b: Supervisor Add Ongoing Performance Notes

- Add notes, updates, etc. to Tasks, Duties & Responsibilities/Goals throughout the performance
- Add Manager Notes throughout the performance year



# **P&A and Staff Association** Review Overview: Work Flow Diagram

# Step 1: Supervisor Writes Annual Review

- Enter Review Period
- Enter Comments for Job Duty. Task and Responsibility/Goal & Assign Ratings
- Assign Ratings to Performance Factors and Enter Comments
- Enter Supervisor Summary Comments
- Assign Overall Rating
- · Third Party Review, if applicable
- Complete

# Step 4: Supervisor Meets with Employee

- Print two copies for meeting
- Meet with employee and share copy and discuss
- Mark as Completed



# Step 2: Second Level Reviewer Reviews & Approves Annual Review

- Review Annual Review
- If applicable, add Annotation Notes and Send Back to Author
- Review/Acknowledge



# Step 3: HR Consultant Reviews Annual

#### Review

- Review Annual Review
- If applicable, add Annotation Notes and Send Back to Author
- Review/Acknowledge



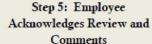
# Step 6: Supervisor Signs Off on Annual

#### Review

- Review Employee
- If appealed stop process and go to appeal steps
- Review/Acknowledge







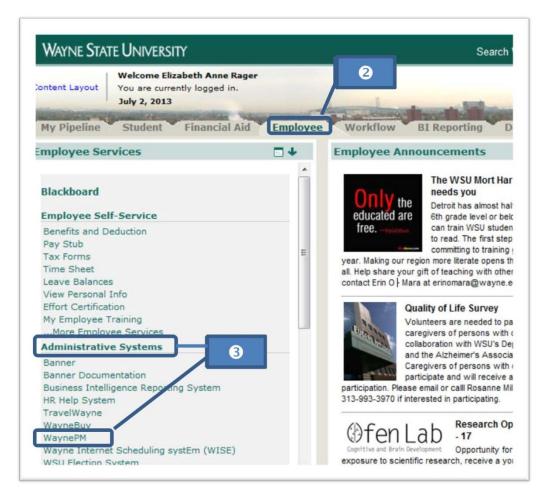
- Enter Employee Comments
- Mark whether you are requesting further review
- Review/Acknowledge





# Logging in to WaynePM

- Login into WSU Pipeline with your Access ID and Pipeline Password
- 2. Go to the Employee Tab
- Look under Administrative
   Systems and find
   WaynePM & click the link





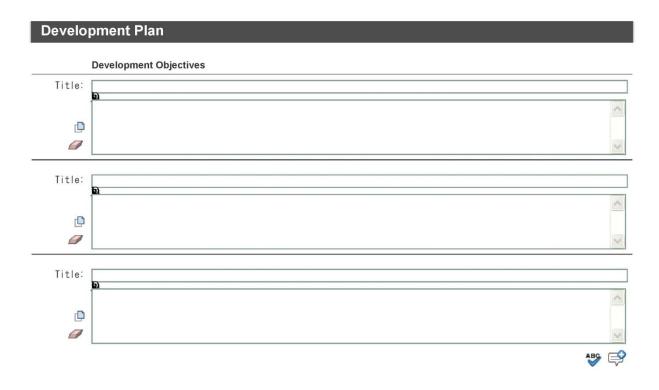
# Planning and Assessment Form for Non-Academic, Non-Represented Employees



# **Employee Planning and Assessment**

Employee Furning and Assessment				
Employee	e Identification			
	nployee Name: Banner ID#:  Department: Department:			
Review Po	eriod			
	January 1, 2015 - December 31, 2015			
Performa	nce Objectives			
Ob	pjectives			
Objective				
<b>®</b>		<u>~</u>		
Objective				
<b>®</b>		<b>₩</b>		
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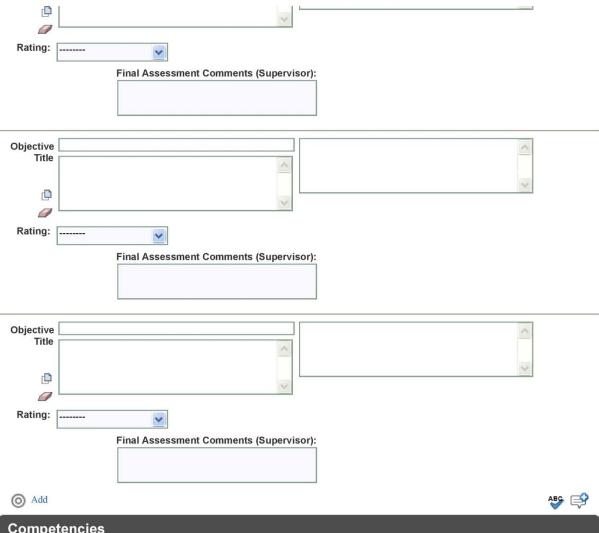
# Planning and <u>Assessment</u> Form for Non-Academic, Non-Represented Employees



#### **Employee Planning and Assessment**

Employee Identification	ation			
Employee Name School/College/Division Job Title	:	Banner ID#:  Department:		
Review Period				
	January 1, 2014 - D	ecember 31, 2014		
Final Assessment I	Ratings			
Exceptional Highly Effective Effective Inconsistent Unsatisfactory  EX Consistently exceeds performance expectations and objectives HE Consistently achieves performance expectations and objectives and frequently exceeds them EF Consistently fulfills performance expectations and objectives and periodically may exceed them IN Work does not consistently meet performance expectations and objectives and needs improvement UN Rarely achieves performance expectations; immediate and continued improvement is required  Performance Objectives				
Performance Objectives		Jpdates (Employee):		
Objective Title		× ×		
Rating:	•			
Final Assessment Comments (Supervisor):				
ObjectiveTitle				





#### Competencies

Supervisor: Please select the appropriate rating for each competency you observed. Employee: Please select the appropriate rating for each competency you believe you displayed.

#### **Analytical Thinking**

Breaks down problems and issues into sub-components, thoroughly examining all components and ramifications prior to selecting a particular approach. Assesses, compiles and summarizes data and information in a logical and systematic fashion.

- Thoroughly analyzes all important components and ramifications when approaching tasks and problems. Highly logical and systematic when summarizing data and information.
- Analyzes important components and ramifications when approaching tasks and problems. Consistently logical and systematic when summarizing data and information.
- Takes a role in analyzing all important components and ramifications when approaching tasks and problems. Often logical and systematic when summarizing data and information.
- Needs to take more time to analyze all important components and ramifications when approaching tasks and problems. Needs to compile information and data more logically and systematically.

0	Does not take time to analyze all important components and ramifications when approaching tasks a Does not compile information and data logically or systematically.	and problems.
0	Not Applicable	
Comm	nents:	
	<b>/</b>	ABS 😂
	***	

#### Communication

Communicates effectively and appropriately. Uses good judgment as to what to communicate to whom as well as the best way to get that accomplished. Speaks in a clear and credible manner, selecting the right tone for the situation and audience. Listens to others and allows them to make their point.

- Always expresses facts and ideas clearly, in a credible manner. Always uses an appropriate tone. Displays excellent judgment as to what information should be communicated. Listens to others, and elicits feedback.
- O Usually expresses facts and ideas clearly, in a credible manner. Uses an appropriate tone. Displays very good judgment as to what information should be communicated. Listens to others, and often elicits feedback.
- Able to express facts and ideas clearly, in a credible manner. Usually uses an appropriate tone. Displays good judgment as to what information should be communicated. Listens to others, but does not always elicit feedback
- Rarely able to express facts and ideas clearly, in a credible manner. Does not always use an appropriate tone. Has difficulty judging what information should be communicated. Does not always listen to others. Rarely elicits feedback.
- Unable to express facts and ideas clearly. This limits credibility. Often uses an inappropriate tone. Exercises poor judgment in determining information to share with others. Unwilling to listen to others or accept feedback.
- Not Applicable

Commonto:	^
Comments:	
10	<b>→</b>

#### Creativity & Innovation

Applies creativity and originality in the work setting, when appropriate. Suggests or applies new ways of addressing ongoing work issues and challenges. Sees possibilities that others have not yet seen, or combines ideas and approaches suggested by others in a unique manner that results in breakthroughs and improvements. Understands when to be creative and when to stick with what exists now.

- Extremely creative and innovative, and quick to apply original ideas to work.
- O Very creative and innovative, and often applies original ideas to work.
- O Displays creativity and innovation, and occasionally applies original ideas to work.
- Rarely displays creativity and innovation or applies original ideas to work.
- ODOES not display creativity and innovation or originality to work.
- Not Applicable





#### **Customer Focus**

Personally demonstrates that external (or internal) customers are a high priority. Identifies customer needs and expectations and responds to them in a timely and effective manner. Anticipates and prevents delays or other things that can adversely affect the customer. Keeps customers informed about the status of pending actions and inquires about customer satisfaction with products or services.

- Considers customers to be a priority, and works closely with them to identify and anticipate their needs.

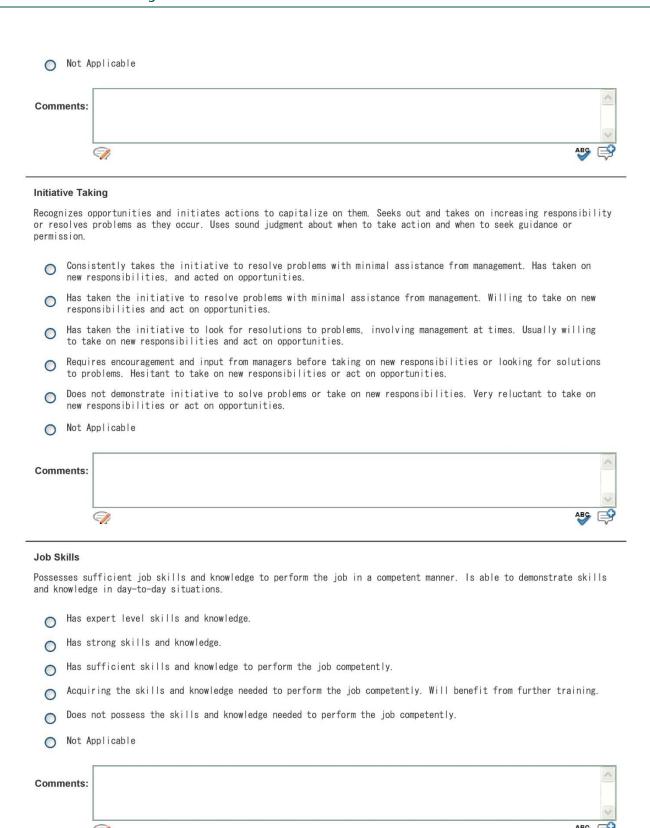
  Maintains frequent communication with the customer to set realistic expectations. Consistently ensures that their needs and expectations are met.
- Onsiders customers to be a priority, and listens to their needs. Is frequently able to anticipate their needs. Maintains communication with the customer to set realistic expectations. Strives to ensure that their needs and expectations are met.
- O Usually makes customers a priority, and has been able to identify their needs. Attempts to set realistic expectations. Works toward meeting customers' needs and expectations.
- O Has difficulty anticipating and identifying customer needs, and is not always able to ensure that their needs are met. Must work more closely with customers.
- Unable to anticipate and identify customer needs. Does not work closely with customers to ensure that their needs are met.
- Not Applicable



#### **Dealing with Change**

Adjusts quickly and effectively to changing conditions and demands. Discusses change as a necessary and inevitable aspect of organizational life as well as an opportunity to learn new things. Has a similar view and approach to potentially stressful situations. Invests personal energy toward accepting and adapting to change that others use toward resisting or resenting it.

- Extremely flexible, with excellent ability to handle change with minimal disruption. Displays an excellent attitude toward change. Always maintains a calm and professional demeanor. Treats stressful situations as a learning experience, and applies lesson learned to future situations.
- Very flexible, with good ability to handle change with minimal disruption. Displays a positive attitude toward change. Usually maintains a calm and professional demeanor. Often able to treat stressful situations as a learning experience, and apply lessons learned to other situations.
- Flexible and able to handle change with minimal disruption. Usually displays a positive attitude toward change. At times, has short periods of stress, but is able to regain calm and professional demeanor fairly quickly. Developing the ability to treat stressful situations as learning experiences.
- O Able to handle change with minimal disruption, but occasionally displays a negative attitude toward change. Has difficulty maintaining calm and professional demeanor in the face of change. Has not developed the ability to treat stressful situations as learning experiences.
- Unable to handle change without disruption and negativity. Unable to maintain a calm and professional demeanor in the face of change. Does not learn from stressful situations.





#### **Personal Credibility**

Acts in ways that demonstrate personal integrity and serves as a positive example of why others should trust the motives of the organization. Views himself or herself as a reflection of the organization by following through on commitments and accepting ownership of any mistakes he or she might make.

- Exemplary sense of responsibility and commitment. Can always be relied upon to follow through on commitments and promises. Willing to admit to mistakes.
- O Very strong sense of responsibility and commitment. Can be relied upon to follow through on commitments and promises. Willing to admit to mistakes.
- Ogood sense of responsibility and commitment. Usually follows through on commitments and promises, with a few small delays. When approached, is willing to admit to mistakes.
- Occasionally displays a lack of responsibility and commitment. Cannot always be relied upon to follow through on commitments and promises. Hesitant to admit to mistakes.
- O Does not display a sense of responsibility or commitment. Often fails to follow through on commitments. Will not admit to mistakes.
- Not Applicable



#### **Solving Problems**

Takes a proactive approach to anticipating and preventing problems. When problems occur, defines those problems, investigates obstacles, gathers relevant information, decides whether solving the problem should be a group decision, generates and analyzes alternate solutions and arrives at a workable solution.

- Excellent problem solving skills. Generates alternative solutions to reach the best resolution. Proactively anticipates and prevents problems from arising.
- O Good problem solving skills. Generates alternative solutions to reach the best solution. At times, has been able to anticipate and prevent problems from arising.
- O Has shown ability to solve problems and generate alternative solutions. Has not taken a proactive approach to anticipating and preventing problems.
- O Developing problem solving skills. Would benefit from further training and experience.
- O Does not have good problem solving skills. Does not anticipate problems, and does not generate ideas for solving problems that arise.
- Not Applicable



#### **Teamwork & Human Relations**

Builds rapport and develops relationships with a broad range of people. Adjusts communication style to meet the needs of individuals at various organizational levels and to meet the needs of clients. Is seen as a team player. Functions

cooperatively and collaboratively.

	Excellent ability to build				
	communication style to dea	with different types	of people in an app	propriate and coope	rative manner.

- O Very good ability to build rapport and develop relationships with a variety of people. Usually modifies communication style to deal with different types of people in an appropriate and cooperative manner.
- O Able to build rapport and develop relationships with a variety of people. Able to modify communication style to deal with different types of people in an appropriate and cooperative manner.
- Limited ability to build rapport and develop relationships with a variety of people. Has difficulty modifying communication style to collaborate with different types of people and situations.
- O Does not attempt to build rapport or develop relationships with others. Unable to modify communication style to collaborate with different types of people and situations.
- Not Applicable



#### **Time Management**

Develops the steps necessary to accomplish long-term goals and meet deadlines. Identifies long and short-term goals and establishes realistic plans to meet deadlines. Allocates required resources, allows for contingencies and ensures that plans fit with the larger needs of the organization. Sets milestones to measure progress along the way.

- Very effective at developing plans that lead toward the long term goal. Always ensures that the short-term goals are in line with the long-term objectives. Ensures that plans and deadlines are met. Very effective at assigning the appropriate resources to meet goals.
- Effective at developing plans that lead toward the long term goal. Usually ensures that the short-term goals are in line with the long-term objectives. Ensures that plans and deadlines are met. Effective at assigning the appropriate resources to meet goals.
- Able to develop plans that lead toward the long term goal. Attempts to set short-term goals that are in line with long-term objectives. Understands the importance of developing realistic plans and meeting deadlines. Able to assign the appropriate resources to meet goals.
- Lacks experience in developing plans. Has difficulty setting short-term goals that are in line with long-term objectives. Often develops plans that are not realistic or that do not meet deadlines. Has difficulty assigning the appropriate resources. Would benefit from training or coaching in planning.
- Unable to set short-term goals that are in line with long-term objectives. Does not develop realistic plans or meet deadlines. Does not assign the appropriate resources.
- Not Applicable



# Additional Competencies for Supervisor/Managerial Employees

#### Accountability/Managerial Courage

Handles sensitive or difficult issues with grace and confidence. Holds employees accountable for assigned tasks. Takes



ownership. Remains objective in the face of strong emotions.

- Very effective at handling difficult issues, taking ownership and holding others accountable for assigned tasks
- Effective at handling difficult issues, taking ownership and holding others accountable for assigned tasks.
- Able to handle difficult issues, take ownership and hold others accountable for assigned tasks.
- O Able to handle difficult issues, but occasionally becomes overwhelmed. Often fails to take ownership and hold others accountable for assigned tasks.
- Becomes overwhelmed and is unable to handle difficult issues. Fails to take ownership, or hold others accountable for assigned tasks.
- Not Applicable



#### **Business Acumen**

Understands how to manage human, financial, and information resources strategically. Devises solutions with an understanding of how to impact results; makes connections between actions/performance and organizational goals and results, with an understanding of the effects of external pressure points, i.e., the current educational landscape.

- Excellent understanding of how to manage human, financial, and information resources. Devises excellent solutions that positively impact results in achieving organizational goals.
- O Very good understanding of how to manage human, financial, and information resources. Devises effective solutions that positively impact results in achieving organizational goals.
- O Good understanding of how to manage human, financial, and information resources. Devises solutions that often have positive impact on results in achieving organizational goals.
- Limited understanding of how to manage human, financial, and information resources. Inconsistently devises solutions that impact results in achieving organizational goals.
- O Poor understanding of how to manage human, financial, and information resources. Does not devise solutions that positively impact results in achieving organizational goals.
- Not Applicable



#### **Change Management**

Proactively assesses the need for change, seeing to it that appropriate resources are available to facilitate changes, considers factors that will support or hinder change initiatives, enthusiastically promotes change in terms of the the expected benefits, as well as removing or lowering the impact of potential obstacles.

- Exceeds expectations in terms of identifying obstacles to change, and taking steps to remove obstacles and implement change.
- At times, has exceeded expectations in terms of identifying obstacles to change, and taking steps to remove

obstacles and implement change. Meets expectations in terms of identifying obstacles to change, and taking steps to remove obstacles and implement change. Lacks the experience to identify obstacles to change. Rarely takes steps to remove obstacles and implement Unable to identify obstacles to change, and does not take steps to remove obstacles or implement change. Not Applicable Comments: T, **Developing Direct Reports** 

Provides performance feedback in a timely and effective manner. Ensures that staff members get a sufficient amount of orientation, training and developmental opportunities to maximize their chances of being successful in their assignments. Provides coaching and mentoring.

- Excellent use of feedback to subordinates to encourage the desired behavior. Exceeds expectations in providing development opportunities for staff.
- Very good use of feedback to subordinates to encourage the desired behavior. Does a very good job of providing development opportunities for staff.
- Good use of feedback to subordinates to encourage the desired behavior. Does a good job of providing development opportunities for staff.
- Limited use of feedback to subordinates to encourage the desired behavior. Needs more experience in providing development opportunities for staff.
- Does not provide regular feedback to subordinates, or use feedback to encourage desired behavior. Does not provide development opportunities for staff.
- Not Applicable



#### Strategic Agility

Sees to it that the organization's vision and strategic plan are both aligned and well-understood by internal and external stakeholders. Ensures that business practices are consistent with the strategic plan and the vision.

- Always communicates the organization's vision to the appropriate people. Has an important influence on the organization's strategic plan and practices, ensuring consistency with the vision.
- Frequently communicates the organization's vision to the appropriate people. Has influence on the organization's strategic plan and practices, ensuring consistency with the vision.
- Understands and is able to communicate the organization's vision. Has limited influence on the organization's strategic plan and practices.
- Understands the organization's vision, but does not help to communicate it to others. Has not been involved in the organization's strategic plan and practices.



0	Does not clearly understand the organization's vision. Has not been involved in strategic planning.	
0	Not Applicable	
Comn	ments:	^
		<b>*</b>
Timely	ly Decision Making	
direct	tigates all viable options, along with the potential consequences of each, and then makes timely decisions t a group through this process and does not hesitate to make difficult decisions. Can speed up the decisions when time is of the essence, yet can also slow it down when there is time to do so.	
0	Strong ability to make thoughtful decisions under pressure. Gathers input before making decisions, and considers the impact of decisions. Able to make quick decisions when necessary. Not afraid to make unpopulacisions.	ular
0	Good ability to make thoughtful decisions under pressure. Gathers some input before making decisions, and considers the impact of decisions. Often able to make quick decisions. Occasionally lacks confidence in making unpopular decisions.	d
0	Is able to make decisions under pressure. Does not always fully consider the impact of decisions. Occasionally has difficulty making quick decisions. Lacks confidence in making unpopular decisions.	
0	Developing decision making skills. Would benefit from further training and experience.	
0	Does not have decision making skills. Lacks confidence to make decisions under pressure.	
0	Not Applicable	
Comn	ments:	AB\$ (\$\frac{1}{2}\)
Oth	er Employee Contributions	
		^ ~
Sup	pervisor's Summary of Performance	
	ly describe the employee's overall performance regarding competencies and regarding performance as compared upon objectives.	d to
		^
		ABC 🚭

#### **Overall Performance Rating**

Evaluate the employee's overall level of performance in the accomplishment of performance objectives and the competencies.

#### **Overall Rating**

0	Exceptional:	Consistently	exceeds	performance	expectations	and	objectives	(EX)	
---	--------------	--------------	---------	-------------	--------------	-----	------------	------	--

- Highly Effective: Consistently achieves performance expectations and objectives and frequently exceeds them
- Effective: Consistently fulfills performance expectations and objectives and periodically may exceed them
- Inconsistent: Work does not consistently meet performance expectations and objectives and needs improvement
- Unsatisfactory: Rarely achieves performance expectations: immediate and continued improvement is required

#### **Employee's Comments**

The employee may use this section to comment on his/her performance.

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w)





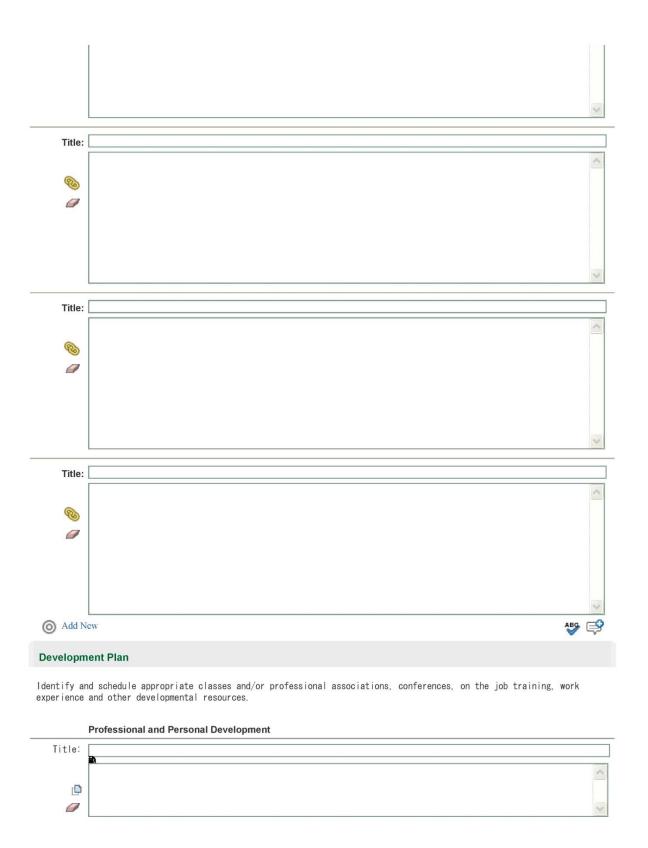


## Planning Form for P&A and Staff Association Employees



#### **Planning Annual Review Form**

Employee	Identification	
	Employee Name:  /College/Division:  Department:	Job Title:
	Review Period: May 1,	2014 - April 30, 2015
Position D	Outies, Tasks and Responsibilities/Goals	
LIST DUTIES	S AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN ORDER OF PRIORITY.	
This list s	hould not be considered a complete description of	all employee's duties and responsibilities.
	E, please put a summary statement of the task, duty, task, duty, responsibility/goal.	responsibility/goal and in the box below TITLE, please put the
	Major Duties & Responsibilities (To be completed by	employee)
Title:		
<b>%</b>		
Title:		
<b>®</b>		







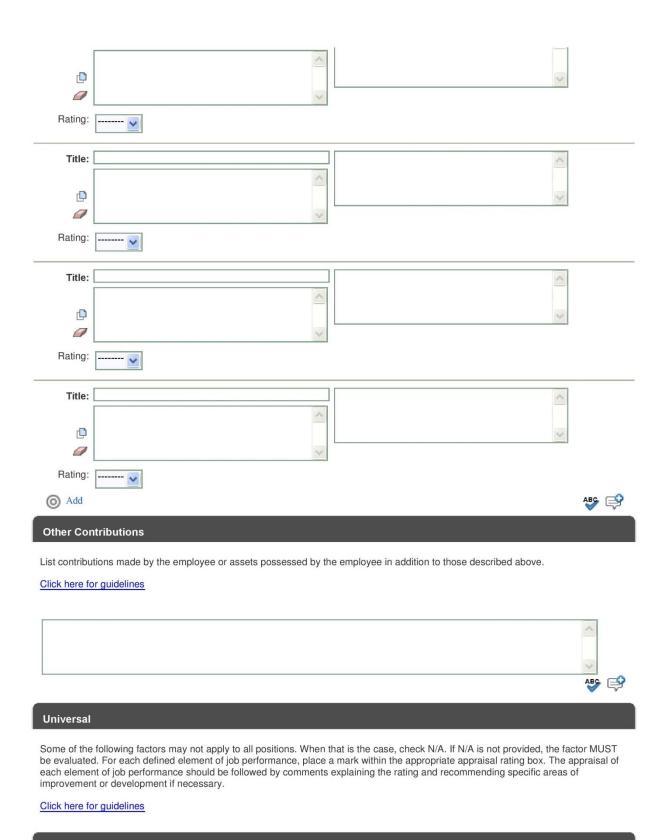
# Annual Review Form for P&A and Staff Association Employees



Annual Review Form					
Employee Identification					
Employee Name:  School/College/Division:  Department:  Banner ID#:  Job Title:					
Review Period: From:					
Accomplishments of Position Duties, Tasks, and Responsibilities					
LIST DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN ORDER OF PRIORITY. DOCUMENT EVALUATIONS BY PROVIDING COMMENTS ON PERFORMANCE WHICH BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND JUSTIFY THE LEVEL OF EVALUATION.  This list should not be considered a complete description of all employee's duties and responsibilities.  Comments should consist of a statement indicating results achieved; also may consist of comments indicating the employee's proficiency with job related skills  Indicate one of these ratings for each duty and responsibility:  O=Outstanding E=Excellent FS=Fully Satisfactory LS=Less than Satisfactory U=Unsatisfactory  Click here for guidelines					
Major Duties and Responsibilities (to be completed by employee)  Comments on Performance (completed by supervisor)					
Title:					



Title:



#### JOB/ORGANIZATIONAL KNOWLEDGE

Application of appropriate technical and procedural knowledge; understanding of facts and information related to or assignments, including department and University policies; degree of technical competence and demonstration of appropriate level of knowledge in specific field or discipline.

	rvisor nents:	^		
0	Insufficient for most tasks (U)			
0	Unable to handle some job tasks (LS)			
0	Satisfactory knowledge of job functions (FS)			
0	Handles new tasks with ease (E)			
0	Able to adapt knowledge to complex problems (O)			

#### PLANNING AND ORGANIZING

Setting objectives; establishing priorities; developing plans; arranging work schedules; meeting deadlines; anticipating problems; adapting to changes and using resources effectively; plan long and short range objectives; define goals and procedures; delegate work; follow-up to ensure work is completed.

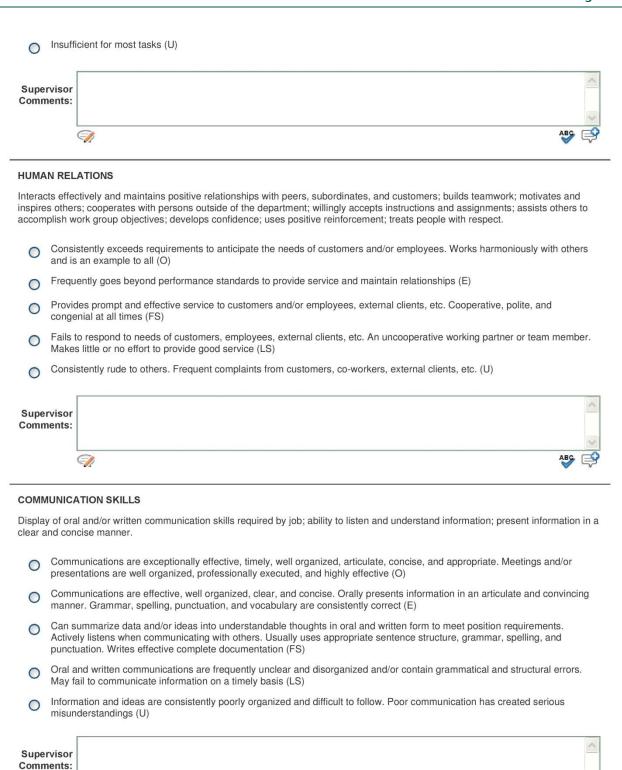
	ABC.	O	
Supe			
0	insufficient for most tasks (U)		
0	Can plan routine tasks only (LS)		
0	Plans/prioritizes full range of required tasks (FS)		
0	Plans/prioritizes with an emphasis on flexibility (E)		
0	Planning shows anticipation of potential problems (O)		

#### PROBLEM ANALYSIS AND DECISION MAKING (Analytical abilities and judgment)

Understanding factors and developing sound, practical and workable solutions; recognizing when a decision is necessary; asking for input; making decisions and providing information and feedback in a timely manner; accepting responsibility; facilitate problem resolution; willingness to make necessary and immediate decisions given incomplete information.

0	Decisions show in-depth analysis and understanding (O)
0	Recognizes need for and performs additional investigation to solve problems (E)
0	Decisions reflect full understanding of unit needs (FS)
0	Decisions reflect basic analytical skills only (LS)





#### **QUALITY OF WORK**

A	Ala a wa la	and affiniance	-f	unnerellana a	£	alailite e ta	meet standards o	£ 1:4
ACCUITACY.	inorougnness.	and efficiency	OI WOLK	regargiess c	n voillime:	admin to	i meer siandards o	duality.

- O Consistently thorough and documented beyond what is required (O)
- Work shows high quality and expertise (E)
- Assignments are complete and thorough (FS)
- Performs only minimally acceptable work (LS)
- O Insufficient for most tasks (U)

	ABÇ (	\$
Supervisor Comments:		~
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#### PRODUCTIVITY/ACCOMPLISHMENT

Accuracy, thoroughness, and general effectiveness of regularly produced work; may include speed and consistency of output and volume of acceptable work.

- Generates thorough and well documented work; work far exceeds established requirements (O)
- Consistently produces work which more than meets normal job requirements (E)
- Work is complete; work is regularly produced at an acceptable level (FS)
- Does less than is expected; work is not thorough or well thought out (LS)
- Insufficient for most situations (U)

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Supervisor Comments:	
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#### DEPENDABILITY

Attendance (disregarding FMLA protected absence) and punctuality; reliability; meets established schedules and deadlines, including assigned work hours; demonstrates commitment to department and University goals; attends to detail; follows-up on progress of work; follows instructions and appropriate procedures; fulfills responsibilities; maintains confidentiality as appropriate.

- Extremely reliable; consistently makes sound decisions; makes creative contributions; justifies utmost confidence; works independently (O)
- Nery reliable; typically makes sound decisions; very resourceful; acts independently; requires little supervision (E)
- Reliable; responds quickly to requests; fulfills responsibility; needs only expected levels of supervision (FS)
- O Sometimes unreliable; does not respond in a timely manner to requests; requires more than normal supervision (LS)
- O Insufficient for most tasks (U)







#### PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Learns appropriate new work-related skills and procedures; works to develop professionally, growing in professional skills and knowledge.

- Works to develop professionally to a very high degree; continually challenging self to advance professional skills and knowledge; researches new learning sources and tools (O)
- Works to develop professionally to a considerable degree; typically seeks out new opportunities to learn appropriate new work-related skills and procedures (E)
- Works to develop professionally; continues to learn and grow (FS)
- Works toward professional development to some degree (LS)
- Does not develop professionally (U)



#### Selective

#### SUPERVISION AND DEVELOPMENT OF EMPLOYEES

Trains, guides, and assists employees; appraises and reviews performance of supervised employees in a timely, fair, and appropriate manner; motivates employees to perform effectively; recognizes and encourages employee development; maintains appropriate standards of performance; resolves personnel-related problems and issues in a timely and effective manner.

- O Successful with staff development and team building; develops the skills of all staff on a timely basis; effective coaching and counseling has led to performance improvements; provides effective, innovative training methods; consistently redistributes work and keeps staff functioning smoothly at peak performance levels (O)
- Motivates staff; develops specific procedures and formalized training methods including regular follow-up training; has developed performance standards; provides timely coaching and counseling with supportive documentation; adjusts staff schedules when needs and priorities change to effectively utilize resources (E)
- Actions show interest in subordinates; ensures training and appropriate cross training of staff; follows-up and document employee performance; provides praise and critical feedback; schedules assignments according to staff abilities and time constraints (FS)
- O Involved with staff only when necessary; may fail to follow-up and document employee performance; provides sporadic and ineffective training and counseling of staff (LS)
- Fails to counsel and praise staff relative to performance; fails to follow-up and correct staff errors (U)
- Not Applicable



#### FISCAL MANAGEMENT

Prepare and/or maintain and operate within budget by controlling costs and keeping within prescribed limits; budgeting exhibits planning, flexibility, and responsibility given budgetary constraints. Record, analyze, monitor, develop, correct, and/or approve transactions, budgets and proposals in compliance with established policy and procedure.

- Budgeting shows exceptional planning, flexibility, and responsibility; actions are effective, accurate and indicate anticipation of future trends and difficulties (O)
   Budgets for new projects and basic operation in a cost effective and consistent manner; analysis and evaluation reflect complete understanding and command of the process including the non-routine (E)
- O Consistently operates within budgetary constraints; records, proposals and transactions are current and in compliance with policy and procedure (FS)
- Pails to consistently operate within budgetary constraints; record, analyze, monitor, develop, correct, and/or approve transactions, budgets and proposals in compliance with established policy and procedure (LS)
- Insufficient for most tasks (U)
- Not Applicable

Supervisor Comments:		~
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#### INITIATIVE AND CREATIVITY

Resourceful to deviate from the routine; self-starter; develops and implements new methods, procedures, solutions, concepts, designs and/or applications of existing designs or procedures; accepts additional challenges and willingly assists others; self-reliant; demonstrates imagination, originality, and self-motivation; makes innovative and/or productive contributions; responds to changing requirements and meeting changing technical business needs; flexibility and adaptability.

0	Ideas display innovation, resourcefulness and imagination in improving work methods (O)
0	Self-starter in developing new ideas; resourceful in improving work methods (E)
0	Assists in generating new approaches; responds well to change (FS)

- Needs detailed instructions to handle tasks; makes some effort to change if directed (LS)
- Insufficient for most tasks and situations (U)
- Not Applicable



#### AFFIRMATIVE ACTION AND EEO COMPLIANCE

Meets affirmative action responsibilities by monitoring unit employment practices to support the University efforts in meeting its diversity goals and ensure compliance with the law and University policy; supports, enforces and adheres to the University policies for non-discrimination and a harassment free workplace.

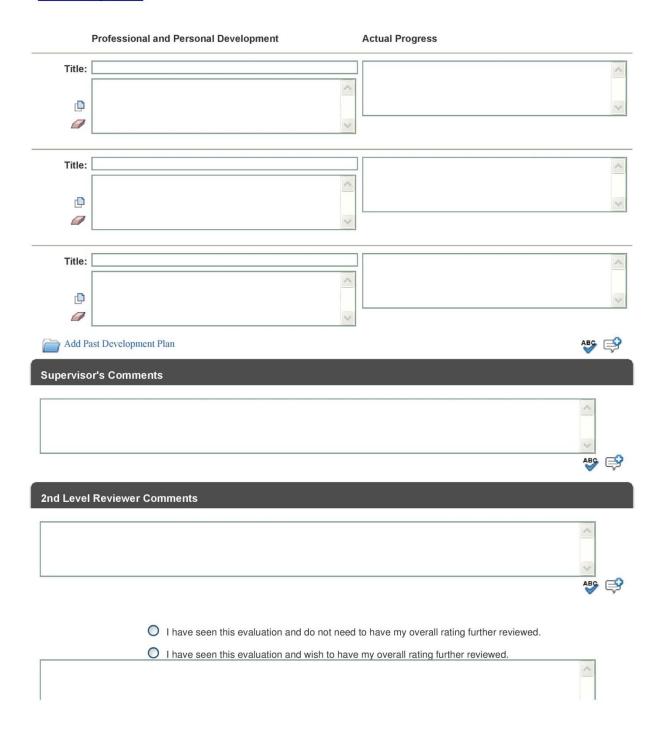


0	Takes initiative in setting and meeting goals; develops new approaches, and generates new ideas in meeting goals and observing University policy; consistently recognizes and responds to situations that affect goal attainment (O)
0	Actively organizes, plans and develops goals; knows and correctly applies University policy; consistently seeks additional information and knowledge (E)
0	Meets responsibilities; participates in goals setting; willingly and consistently in compliance with University policy (LS)
0	Unable to fully meet responsibilities; requires frequent assistance and direction in meeting goals and observing University policy (FS)
0	Consistently fails to meet responsibilities; repeated non-compliance with University policy (U)
0	Not Applicable
Super	rvisor nents:
	Sp.
Overa	all Performance Rating
quality	te the employee's overall level of performance in the accomplishment of major duties and responsibilities, other contributions, of service, and other job related performance factors. An overall performance rating of Unsatisfactory or Outstanding MUST be ted with a written justification.
Click he	ere for guidelines
Overa	II Performance
	ate the employee's overall level of performance in the accomplishment of major duties and responsibilities, other contributions, of service, and other job related performance factors.
0	Overall performance is characterized by exceptionally high quality and quantity of work in accomplishment of position duties; assumes responsibilities which are beyond the position requirements; uses job-related skills in an exceptional manner; requires substantially less supervision than typical for the position. (O)
0	Overall performance is characterized by high quality and quantity of work in the accomplishment of position duties; uses job-related skills in more than acceptable manner; requires a degree of supervision that is somewhat less than typical for the position. (E)
0	Overall performance is characterized by acceptable quality and quantity of work in accomplishment of position duties; uses job related skills in an acceptable manner; requires a degree of supervision that is typical for the position. (FS)
0	Overall performance indicates the employee fails to accomplish assigned position duties and/or uses job-related skills in an inadequate manner; requires an inordinate amount of direct supervision in order to produce work of acceptable quality and quantity. The employee may possess the talent to earn a higher rating if special training and coaching is given or if the employee is transferred to another more suitable position. (LS)
0	Employee has had a reasonable period of time (initiated by a documented evaluation of Less than Satisfactory) to improve performance. Employee continues to fail to accomplish assigned position duties and/or continues to use job-related skills in an inadequate manner. Upon consultation with appropriate Human Resources or labor Relations representative, the employee will either be demoted or terminated. (U)
Justifi	ication
Appli	if icable:
	ABS 😅

#### **Development Plan**

Identify and schedule appropriate classes and/or professional associations, conferences, on the job training, work experience and other developmental resources.

#### Click here for guidelines





# Rating Errors/Pitfalls to Avoid Job Aid

### **Attractiveness Effect**

Definition	Example
The well-documented tendencies for	Ronald, customer service supervisor, rated those subordinates who
people to assume that people who are	were tall, slender, and good-looking higher than he rated those who
physically attractive are also superior	were just average in appearance, even though there was no
performers.	significant difference in the quality of their work.
	550

### **Attribution Bias**

Definition	Example
The tendency to attribute performance	Harriet, a manager with a mixture of both excellent and mediocre
failings to factors under the control of	performers in her work group, attributes the successes of the former
the individual and performance	group to her quality of leadership and the failings of the latter group
successes to external causes.	to their bad attitudes and inherent laziness.

## **Central Tendency**

Definition	Example
The inclination to rate people in the middle of the scale even when their	Out of an erroneous belief that the law required companies to treat all employees the same, and a conscious desire to avoid
performance clearly warrants a substantially higher or lower rating.	confrontation, Harold rated all seven of the employees in his work group as meeting objectives despite significant differences in their
	performance.

## **First Impression**

Definition	Example
The tendency of a manager to make an	Rachel, a manager new to a work group, noticed one employee, who
initial positive or negative judgment of	was going through a divorce, performing poorly. Within a month the
an employee and allow the first	employee's performance had returned to its previous high level, bur
impression to color or distort later	Rachel's opinion of the individual's performance was adversely
information.	affected by the initial negative impression.

# **Halo/Horn Effect**

Definition	Example
Inappropriate generalizations from	Jeff was outstanding in his ability to get delinquent customers to pay
one aspect of an individual's	up. His excellence in this important area caused his manager to
performance to all areas of that	unthinkingly rate him highly in unrelated areas where his
person's performance.	performance was actually less than stellar.

# **High Potential Error**

Definition	Example
Confusing an individual's future	Luis has a graduate degree from a prestigious university and was
potential with his current	selected for the company's fast track training program. As a result, his
performance.	manager rated his performance as exceeded when actually it was met objectives.

## **Negative & Positive Skew**

Definition	Example
The opposite of central tendency. The	Susan rates all of her employees higher than she feels they actually
rating of all individuals as higher or	deserve, in the misguided hope that this will cause them to live up to
lower than their performance actually	the high rating they have been given. Carlos sets impossibly high
warrants.	standards and expectations and is proud of never having met a
	subordinate who deserved the highest rating.

### **Past Performance Error**

Definition	Example
Permitting an individual's poor (or	Last year Alicia was a distinguished performer and received the
excellent) performance in a previous	highest appraisal rating. This year her manager again rated her
rating period to color the manager's	distinguished, even though her performance this year was no better
judgment about her performance in	than other employees who were rated fully successful.
this rating period.	
110-0-0-0	



# **Recency Effect**

Definition	Example
The tendency for minor events that	Victoria kept no formal records of the overall performance or critical
have happened recently to have more	incidents of her work group of twelve people during the course of the
influence on the rating than major	year. When she began writing their final assessments, she discovered
events of many months ago.	that the only examples she could provide for either positive or
	negative performance had happened in the last two months.

## Similar-to-Me Effect

Definition	Example
The tendency of individuals to rate	Carol, a single mother of four small children, had prevailed in her
people who resemble themselves	efforts to succeed and had been promoted to manager. She
higher than they rate others.	unwittingly rated several women who were also single mothers higher than their performance warranted.

# Stereotyping

Definition	Example
The tendency to generalize across groups and ignore individual differences.	Waldo is quiet and reserved, almost meek – about as far from the conventional cliché of a salesman as can be imagined. His sales record, however, is one of the best in the company. But his boss rated his performance lower than that of other salespeople since he did not fit the mold, ignoring the results that Waldo had produced.



# Probationary, Provisional and Qualifying Performance Evaluations

As part of performance management, it is important for new employees to understand the expectations of their role and become acclimated to the culture here at WSU.

The Probationary Evaluation is used for employees who are new to Wayne State University. New is defined as either never having been employed by the University or someone who has been away from the University for more than two years. This evaluation serves as a benchmark to evaluate if the new employee will be a good fit for the role, department and University.

The Provisional and Qualifying Evaluations serve similar purposes for existing WSU employees who have been hired or bumped into a new role.

These interim evaluations are completed on paper, outside of the WaynePM system. Each of the evaluations serves a slightly different purpose and has different timelines or forms associated with the particular evaluation. The tools provided below will be key resources for helping you manage these evaluations.

#### **Best Practices**

- Ensure that you are aware of the time periods and processes for each group.
- Schedule a planning meeting with new employees to discuss their respective probationary/provisional/qualifying periods and the expectations outlined on the associated form.
- Be careful to adhere to deadlines for each group and process. Schedule all evaluation meetings up front.
- Observe the new employee carefully during this period to determine if they are qualified for the role and will be a good fit.

#### What's in it for Me?

 Discussing expectations and the evaluation period at the beginning of the employee's role helps to ensure that the employee has the knowledge and tools to perform to the best of their ability. This helps you effectively gauge

# Probationary, Provisional & Qualifying Forms

Reference these forms for your Probationary, Provisional and Qualifying employee evaluations:

<u>Performance Planning and</u> <u>Development Probationary/</u> Provisional Review Form

#### Wayne LEADS

<u>Reduction of Work Force Qualifying</u> <u>Period Progress Report Form</u>

Be sure to reference WSU policy in the Non-Rep Manual, 1.13 Performance Evaluation and nonacademic, represented collective bargaining agreements

Click <u>Here</u> for Final Assessment Resources

whether or not they will be successful within the role. This also manages the employee's expectations, which will help minimize the impact of any negative feedback/outcome, should it arise.

#### Using the Probationary, Provisional and Qualifying Tools...

#### Probationary, Provisional and Qualifying Period Performance Review Guide

The probationary, provisional and qualifying groups have different processes, timelines and forms that vary based on whether the employee is Non-Academic/Non-Represented, P&A or Staff Association. This guide will help you determine the appropriate performance review timing for your employee.

To determine which evaluation form you need, refer to the appropriate group and employee classification listed below.

#### **Probationary Evaluations**

#### • P&A and Staff Association Employees

Use the Performance Planning and Development Probationary/Provisional Review Form. This form is similar to the current P&A and Staff Association form used in WaynePM. It includes an evaluation time period, purpose and a space to indicate whether you will recommend the employee for continued service. Be sure to check the appropriate time frame at the beginning of the evaluation and the appropriate recommendation at the end of the evaluation.

#### Non-Academic, Non-Represented Employees

Use the Wayne LEADS form (often referred to as the "Old Wayne LEADS 2013 Form"). This form is similar to the current Non-Rep form used in WaynePM. For new non-represented employees, a performance planning meeting should be held within the first 14 days of the employee's start date so that the evaluation can be completed at the Mid-Point and Final Point. Check the appropriate purpose at the beginning of the form and indicate whether or not you recommend the employee for continued service in the summary comment field.

#### **Provisional Evaluations**

#### P&A and Staff Association Employees

Use the Performance Planning and Development Probationary/Provisional Review Form. The time periods are different for each represented group of employees and have other key differences you need to note depending on transfers/laterals/promotions.

#### Non-Academic, Non-Represented Employees

A provisional evaluation is not required for this group. However, you may still choose to complete one using the Wayne LEADS form (often referred to as the "Old Wayne LEADS 2013 Form").



#### **Qualifying Evaluations**

#### P&A and Staff Association Employees

Use the Reduction of Work Force Qualifying Period Progress Report Form. This form is a shorter version of the Probationary/Provisional Review Form, as the employee should know the job into which they are bumping. Note that the time period varies between the two collective bargaining agreements. It is extremely important that the Qualifying Evaluation be completed 10 days prior to end of Qualifying Period due to union notification rules. You must have done a midpoint Qualifying Evaluation for the Final Qualifying Evaluation to count.

#### Non-Academic, Non-Represented Employees

There is no Qualifying Evaluation for Non-Represented Employees.

**Note**: It is best to consult the Collective Bargaining Agreements regularly or contact Labor Relations for questions regarding all P&A or Staff Association matters.

#### Probationary, Provisional and Qualifying Period Performance Review Guide

#### Performance Evaluation Due Date from Employee's Date of Hire/Transfer/Promotion

This document is not meant to replace the Collective Bargaining Agreements. Consult individual contracts or contact your HR Consultant for details.

For specific nonacademic union contract interpretation, contact Labor Relations

Bargaining Unit	New Hires	Transfers/Lateral	Promotions	Reduction in Force	Promotions Between
	(Probationary)	(Provisional)	(Provisional)	(Qualifying Period)	Staff and P&A
	May be terminated,	***************************************		, , ,	(Provisional)
	for cause, at any				, ,
	time during				
	probation.				
Staff Association	First evaluation	First evaluation due	Evaluation due at	First evaluation due at	First evaluation due after
	usually due after	at midpoint (usually	midpoint of 225	midpoint (usually 30	employee works 90 days.
	employee works 90	30 calendar days).	hours worked	calendar days).	
	days.		(usually approx. 30		Second evaluation due up
		Second evaluation	days).	Second evaluation must be	to, but no later than 180
	Second evaluation	can be completed	00 000	completed prior to the	days
	due up to, but no	anytime between	Second evaluation	expiration of the 60 day	
	later than 180 days	the 31st and 60th	due prior to the end	qualifying period.	
		calendar day	of 225 hours		
			worked.		
P&A	First evaluation	First evaluation due	First evaluation due	First evaluation due at	First evaluation due after
	usually due at	at 45 calendar days.	at 45 calendar days.	midpoint (usually 45	employee works 90 days.
	midpoint (usually	v .		calendar days).	
	after employee	Second evaluation	Second evaluation		Second evaluation due up
	works 90 days).	should be completed	should be completed	Second evaluation must be	to, but no later than 180
		on the 90th calendar	on the 90th calendar	completed prior to the	days
	Second evaluation	day or the closest	day or the closest	expiration of the 90 day	
	due up to, but no	scheduled work day	scheduled work day	qualifying period.	
	later than 180 days	prior to it.	prior to it.		
Non-Represented	First evaluation	First evaluation due	First evaluation due	N/A	N/A
	usually due after	at 45 calendar days.	at 45 calendar days.		
	employee works 90				
	days.	Second evaluation	Second evaluation		
	6 1 1 1	due at 90 calendar	can be completed		
	Second evaluation	days	anytime between		
	due up to, but no		the 46th and 90th		
	later than 180 days		calendar day		





# Performance Planning and Development Probationary/ Provisional Review Form

Employee Name	Banner ID #	Classification	
School/College/Division		Department	
P&A	Staff Association	Special Evaluations	
☐ 3-Month Probationary (midway)	☐ 3-Month Probationary (midway)		
☐ 6-Month Probationary	☐ 6-Month Probationary		
☐ 45-Day Provisional (midway)	☐ 30-Day Provisional (for transfers)		
☐ 90-Day Provisional	☐ 60-Day Provisional (for transfers)		
	☐ 112 hrs. Worked-Provisional (for Staff promotions) (midway)		
	<ul> <li>225 hrs. Worked-Provisional (for Staff promotions)</li> </ul>		
Date Due:	de d		

#### ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF POSITON DUTIES, TASKS, AND RESPONSIBILITIES

LIST DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN PRIORITY ORDER. DOCUMENT EVALUATIONS BY PROVIDING COMMENTS ON PERFORMANCE WHICH BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND JUSTIFY THE LEVEL OF EVALUATION.

MAJOR DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES (To be completed by employee)	LEVEL OF PERFORMANCE (To be completed	COMMENTS ON PERFORMANCE (To be completed by supervisor)			
This list should not be considered a complete description of all employee's duties and responsibilities.	by supervisor)	Should consist of a statement indicating results achieved; also may consist of comments indicating the employee's proficiency with job related skills			
	these ratings for each duty and	employee's proficiency with job related skills			
	responsibility:				
	U LS FS E O (defined on last page)				
01	OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS				
List contributions made by the employee or assets possessed by the employee in addition to those described above.					

# WAYNE STATE UNIVERSITY Performance Planning and Development

# Probationary/ Provisional Review Form

This is a Microsoft forced-field form. Use the tab key to move the cursor to gray areas and tables will automatically expand as information is entered. To access this form electronically, go to: <a href="http://www.hr.wayne.edu/employment/appraisals">http://www.hr.wayne.edu/employment/appraisals</a> .			
Some of the following factors may not apply to all positions. When that is the case, check N/A. If N/A is not provided, the factor MUST be evaluated. For each defined element of job performance, place a mark within the appropriate appraisal rating box. The appraisal of each element of job performance should be followed by comments explaining the rating and recommending specific areas of improvement or development if necessary.			
JOB/ORGANIZATIONAL KNOWLEDGE: Application of appropriate technical and procedural knowledge; understanding of facts and information related to or assignments, including department and University policies; degree of technical competence and demonstration of appropriate level of knowledge in specific field or discipline.			
Unsatisfactory  Insufficient for most tasks  Unable to handle some job functions  Excellent  Outstanding  Handles new tasks with ease.  Able to adapt knowledge to complex problems			
Supervisor's comments:			
PLANNING AND ORGANIZING: Setting objectives; establishing priorities; developing plans; arranging work schedules; meeting deadlines; anticipating problems; adapting to changes and using resources effectively; plan long and short range objectives; define goals and procedures; delegate work; follow-up to ensure work is completed.			
Unsatisfactory Less than Satisfactory Fully Satisfactory Excellent Outstanding Insufficient for most tasks  Can plan routine tasks only Plans/prioritizes full range of required tasks  Plans/prioritizes full range of required tasks  Plans/prioritizes with an emphasis on flexibility  Plans/prioritizes with an emphasis on flexibility			
Supervisor's comments:			
PROBLEM ANALYSIS AND DECISION MAKING (Analytical abilities and judgment): Understanding factors and developing sound, practical and workable solutions; recognizing when a decision is necessary; asking for input; making decisions and providing information and feedback in a timely manner; accepting responsibility; facilitate problem resolution; willingness to make necessary and immediate decisions given incomplete information.			
Unsatisfactory  Insufficient for most tasks  Less than Satisfactory  Decisions reflect basic analytical skills only  Decisions reflect basic analytical skills only  Decisions reflect full understanding of unit needs  Decisions reflect full understanding of unit needs  Recognizes need for and performs additional investigation to solve problems  Decisions show in-depth analysis and understanding			





# Probationary/ Provisional Review Form

Supervisor's comm	ents:			
HIIMAN DELATIO	NC. Interests effectively s	and maintains positive re	lationahina with poors au	bordinates, and customers; builds
				willingly accepts instructions and
				re reinforcement; treats people with
respect.		0 1 1		
Unsatisfactory	Less than Satisfactor	Fully Satisfactory	Excellent	Outstanding
Unsatisfactory	Less than Satisfactory	rully Salislaciory	Excellent	Outstanding
Consistently rude to other	ers. Fails to respond to needs of	Provides prompt and effect	ive Frequently goes beyond	Consistently exceeds requirements to
Frequent complaints fro	om customers, employees,	service to customers and/	or performance standards	anticipate the needs of customers and/or
customers, co-workers external clients, etc.	uncooperative working	employees, external clients, Cooperative, polite, and	etc. to provide service and maintain relationships	employees. Works harmoniously with others and is an example to all
	partner or team member. Makes little or no effort to	congenial at all times		
	provide good service			
Supervisor's comm	ents:			
			cation skills required by jo	b; ability to listen and understand
G 100 to	t information in a clear and c	3 A 100 NO N		
Unsatisfactory	Less than Satisfactory	Fully Satisfactory	Excellent	Outstanding
I □			<u> </u>	L L
Information and ideas are consistently poorly	Oral and written communications are frequently unclear and	Can summarize data and/or ideas into understandable	Communications are effective, well organized, clear, and	Communications are exceptionally effective, timely, well organized, articulate, concise,
organized and difficult	disorganized and/or contain	thoughts in oral and written	concise. Orally presents	and appropriate. Meetings and/or
to follow. Poor communication has	grammatical and structural errors. May fail to communicate	form to meet position requirements. Actively	information in an articulate and convincing manner. Grammar,	presentations are well organized, professionally executed, and highly effective
created serious	information on a timely basis	listens when communicating	spelling, punctuation, and	
misunderstandings		with others. Usually uses appropriate sentence	vocabulary are consistently correct.	
		structure, grammar, spelling,	especial approximation of the second	
		and punctuation. Writes effective complete		
0		documentation		
Supervisor's comm	ents:			
QUALITY OF WOR			acrdless of volumes shility t	a managed at a transfer of an all the
	RK: Accuracy, thoroughness	, and efficiency of work re	egardiess of volume, ability i	o meet standards of quality.
Unsatisfactory	RK: Accuracy, thoroughness Less than Satisfactory	, and efficiency of work re Fully Satisfactory	Excellent	Outstanding
	Less than Satisfactory	Fully Satisfactory	Excellent	Outstanding
Unsatisfactory Insufficient for most tasks				

# WAYNE STATE UNIVERSITY Performance Planning and Development

# **Probationary/ Provisional Review Form**

Supervisor's comme	ents:			
	CCOMPLISHMENT: Accura		eneral effectiveness of regula	arly produced work; may include
Unsatisfactory	Less than Satisfactory	Fully Satisfactory	Excellent	Outstanding
Insufficient for most situations	Does less than is expected; work is not thorough or well thought	Work is complete; work is regularly produced at an	Consistently produces work which more than meets normal	Generates thorough and well documented work; work far exceeds established
	out	acceptable level	job requirements	requirements
Supervisor's commo	ents:			
Capervisor o commi	51110.			
				eets established schedules and pals; attends to detail; follows-up
				s confidentiality as appropriate.
			- "	
Unsatisfactory	Less than Satisfactory	Fully Satisfactory	Excellent	Outstanding
Insufficient for most	Sometimes unreliable; does not	Reliable; responds quickly to	Very reliable; typically makes	Extremely reliable; consistently makes
tasks	respond in a timely manner to requests; requires more than	requests; fulfills responsibility; needs only	sound decisions; very resourceful; acts independently;	sound decisions; makes creative contributions; justifies utmost confidence;
	normal supervision	expected levels of	requires little supervision	works independently
		supervision		
Supervisor's comme	ents:			
	EVELOPMENT: Learns ap onal skills and knowledge.	propriate new work-relate	d skills and procedures; wor	ks to develop professionally,
Unsatisfactory	Less than Satisfactory	Fully Satisfactory	Excellent	Outstanding
	W-1-1		Wednesday day	
Does not develop professionally	Works toward professional development to some degree	Works to develop professionally; continues to	Works to develop professionally to a considerable degree;	Works to develop professionally to a very high degree; continually challenging self to
		learn and grow	typically seeks out new opportunities to learn	advance professional skills and knowledge; researches new learning sources and tools
			appropriate new work-related skills and procedures	
			Samo una procedures	





# **Probationary/ Provisional Review Form**

Supervisor's comm	Supervisor's comments:			
performance of sup		ly, fair, and appropriate m	nanner; motivates employees	rees; appraises and reviews s to perform effectively; recognizes personnel-related problems and
issues in a timely a	nd effective manner.	1.5 4.5	,	
Unsatisfactory  Fails to counsel and praise staff relative to performance; fails to follow-up and correct staff errors	Less than Satisfactory  Involved with staff only when necessary; may fall to follow-up and document employee performance; provides sporadic and ineffective training and counseling of staff	Fully Satisfactory  Actions show interest in subordinates; ensures training and appropriate cross training of staff; follows-up and document employee performance; provides praise and critical feedback; schedules assignments according to staff abilities and time constraints	Excellent  Motivates staff; develops specific procedures and formalized training methods including regular follow-up training; has developed performance standards; provides timely coaching and counseling with supportive documentation; adjusts staff schedules when needs and priorities change to effectively utilize resources	Outstanding  Successful with staff development and team building; develops the skills of all staff on a timely basis; effective coaching and counseling has led to performance improvements; provides effective, innovative training methods; consistently redistributes work and keeps staff functioning smoothly at peak performance levels
Supervisor's comm				
prescribed limits; but	IANAGEMENT: Prepare and udgeting exhibits planning, flund/or approve transactions, b	exibility, and responsibilit	y given budgetary constraint	s. Record, analyze, monitor,
Unsatisfactory Insufficient for most tasks	Less than Satisfactory  Fails to consistently operate within budgetary constraints; record, analyze, monitor, develop, correct, and/or approve transactions, budgets and proposals in compliance with established policy and procedure	Fully Satisfactory  Consistently operates within budgetary constraints; records, proposals and transactions are current and in compliance with policy and procedure	Excellent  Budgets for new projects and basic operation in a cost effective and consistent manner; analysis and evaluation reflect complete understanding and command of the process including the nonroutine	Outstanding  Budgeting shows exceptional planning, flexibility, and responsibility; actions are effective, accurate and indicate anticipation of future trends and difficulties

# WAYNE STATE UNIVERSITY Performance Planning and Development

# Probationary/ Provisional Review Form

Supervisor's comme	ents:			
procedures, solution willingly assists other		applications of existing d s imagination, originality,	esigns or procedures; accept and self-motivation; makes it	
Unsatisfactory Insufficient for most tasks and situations	Less than Satisfactory  Needs detailed instructions to handle tasks; makes some effort to change if directed	Fully Satisfactory  Assists in generating new approaches; responds well to change	Excellent Self-starter in developing new ideas; resourceful in improving work methods	Outstanding Ideas display innovation, resourcefulness and imagination in improving work methods
Supervisor's comme	ants:			
practices to support	TIVE ACTION AND EEO CC the University efforts in mee and adheres to the University	eting its diversity goals an	d ensure compliance with th	
Unsatisfactory  Consistently fails to meet responsibilities; repeated non-compliance with University policy	Less than Satisfactory  Unable to fully meet responsibilities; requires frequent assistance and direction in meeting goals and observing University policy	Fully Satisfactory  Meets responsibilities; participates in goals setting; willingly and consistently in compliance with University policy	Excellent  Actively organizes, plans and develops goals; knows and correctly applies University policy; consistently seeks additional information and knowledge	Outstanding  Takes initiative in setting and meeting goals; develops new approaches, and generates new ideas in meeting goals and observing University policy; consistently recognizes and responds to situations that affect goal attainment
Supervisor's comme	ents:			





# Performance Planning and Development Probationary/ Provisional Review Form OVERALL PERFORMANCE RATING

Evaluate the employee's overall level of performance in the accomplishment of major duties and responsibilities, other contributions, quality of service, and other job related performance factors. An overall performance rating of Unsatisfactory or Outstanding MUST be supported with a written attached justification.

Unsatisfactory  Employee has had a reasonable period of time (initiated by a documented evaluation of Less than Satisfactory) to improve performance. Employee continues to fail to accomplish assigned position duties and/or continues to use job-related skills in an inadequate manner. Upon consultation with appropriate Human Resources or labor Relations representative, the employee will either be demoted or terminated.	Less than Satisfactory  Overall performance indicates the employee fails to accomplish assigned position duties and/or uses job-related skills in an inadequate manner; requires an inordinate amount of direct supervision in order to produce work of acceptable quality and quantity. The employee may possess the talent to earn a higher rating if special training and coaching is given or if the employee is transferred to another more suitable position	Fully Satisfacto  Overall performance characterized by accep quality and quantity of in accomplishment consition duties; uses related skills in an acceptable manner; req a degree of supervision is typical for the posit	is Overall perfor characterized by hi quantity of wo for accomplishment job duties; uses job-remore than accept requires a degree that is somewhat	mance is gh quality and ork in the of position lated skills in able manner; of supervision at less than	Outstanding  Overall performance is characterized by exceptionally high quality and quantity of work in accomplishment of position duties; assumes responsibilities which are beyond the position requirements; uses job-related skills in an exceptional manner; requires substantially less supervision than typical for the position.
Supervisor's comment	ts:				
☐ I do Recommend	this employee for Continued	Service	☐ I do not recommer	nd this emplo	byee for Continued Service



#### Performance Planning and Development Probationary/ Provisional Review Form

#### **Employee Development Plan Form**

**Employee Development Plan:** Identify and schedule appropriate classes and/or professional associations, conferences, on the job training, work experience and other developmental resources.

Professional a	nd Personal Development jinning of Performance Year)	Actual Progress (Complete Throughout Performance Year)
(Complete at Beg	inning of Performance Year)	(Complete Throughout Performance Year)
Employee Signature		Date:
Employee digitature.	(Copy given to employee)	bate.
		Date:
Supervisor Signature:	(Copy given to supervisor)	Date:
	(/ g	





## Performance Planning and Development Probationary/ Provisional Review Form

#### **SIGNATURES**:

Completed by Immediate Supervisor	Date
1st Level Reviewer	Date
Level neviewer	Date
Employee comments (optional – may include discussion of professional developments)	pment plans and objectives):
Employee's Signature	Date
Your signature does not necessarily mean that you agree with this review; it is or reviewed it with you.	only to acknowledge that your supervisor has met and
☐ I WISH TO REVIEW MY OVERALL RATING FURTHER	
Check box if employee significantly disagrees (feels there is a one level or gr. checked, employee must complete comments section and include additional forwarded to the 1st Level Reviewer for rating consideration. 1st Level Reviewer and respond back to employee.	supporting documentation. The review materials will be
Employee Signature	Date
1st Level Reviewer should check the appropriate box and sign to acknowledge to further rating consideration. Reviewed document is to be returned to employee a	that the performance appraisal document was received fo and immediate supervisor.
Reviewed and Re-affirmed	
Further Action Necessary	
1 <sup>st</sup> Level Reviewer Signature	Date
4128B (12/11)	

FY 2013



Wayne LEADS is Wayne State University's performance management system for non-represented employees. Its purpose is to engage employees in the process of optimizing WSU operations by aligning employee contributions with the aims of the university. The system will focus on achieving measurable results, providing objective performance assessments and establishing a foundation for ongoing, constructive communication between the employee and supervisor.

Wayne LEADS consists of three elements:

Performance Planning Status Updates Final Assessment

The Employee Planning, Assessment & Development Form consists of three Parts

Part A: Performance Objective Plan & Assessment

Part B: Competency Assessment

Part C: Summary

Each part does not need to be completed for each element. Below is an at-a-glance summary of WHAT needs to be completed WHEN:

Element	Part A Performance Objective Plan & Assessment	Part B Behavioral Competency Assessment	Part C Summary
Performance Planning (October, New hire, Transition planning)	X		
Status Updates (Ongoing)	X		
Final Assessment (September)	X	X	X





# Linked Employee Assessment & Development System

# Employee Planning Assessment & Development Form

IDENTIFICATION			
Employee:		Banner ID:	
S/C/D:		Department:	
Classification:		Supervisor:	
Performance		Second Level	
Period:		Reviewer:	
	Provisional P	Probationary ( Regular	

#### PART A - PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE PLAN & ASSESSMENT

Write four to six performance objectives, which can either be "operational" objectives (based on routine activities from employee's task and duties) or "project" objectives (based on employee's projects). You can have both "operational" and "project" objectives. Keep in mind that this list should not be considered a complete description of all employee's duties and responsibilities.

FINAL ASSESSMENT RATIN	G\$
Objectives Exceeded	OE
Objectives Met	OM
Objectives Not Met	ONM
New and/or Developing	N/D

Performance Objectives October	Status Updates Ongoing	Final Assessment / Rating September
		none •



# Linked Employee Assessment & Development System

## Employee Planning, Assessment & Development Form

	IL	DENTIFICATION
Employee:		Performance Period:
	Provisional	○ Probationary ○ Regular

#### PART B - BEHAVIORAL COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT

Final Assessment: <u>Supervisor</u>: Please select the appropriate level of skill (Excels, Meets Requirements, Some Attention Needed) of each competency you observed. <u>Employee</u>: Please select the appropriate level of skill (Excels, Meets Requirements, Some Attention Needed) of each competency you believe you displayed.

Competency	Final Assessment		
Click the competency to access its definition	Employee	Supervisor	
Analytical & Problem Solving Skills	None -	None	
Communication	None •	None	
Creativity & Innovation	None •	None	
<u>Customer Focus</u>	None •	None	
<u>Dealing with Change</u>	None •	None	
<u>Initiative Taking</u>	None •	None	
<u>Job / Functional Skills</u>	None •	None	
Personal Credibility	None	None	
<u>Teamwork</u>	None •	None	
Time Management	None -	None	
Additional Compete	encies for Supervisor/Managerial	Employees	
Accountability/Managerial Courage	None	None	
<u>Business Acumen</u>	None	None	
Developing Direct Reports	None •	None	
Strategic Agility	None •	None	
Timely Decision Making	None -	None	

<u>Supervisor</u> and <u>Employee</u>: Please discuss any gaps as well as areas of agreement and check the appropriate box below to acknowledge the competencies were discussed.

Employee	Supervisor	
☐ I Discussed the Competencies with My Supervisor	☐ I Discussed the Competencies with My Employee	





# Linked Employee Assessment & Development System

imployee Planning,	IDENTIFICATION				
Assessment &	Employee:		Perforn		
Development Form		○ Provisiona		'eriod: └── ary ○ Regular	
DADT C SUMMADY / Final Acos	L	Criovisiona	Probations	ary Chegular	
PART C - SUMMARY (Final Asse OTHER EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTION	•				
SUPERVISOR'S SUMMARY OF PERI Briefly describe the employee's overall upon objectives .		ding competencies	and regarding pe	erformance as co	mpared to agreed
				7	
	(Supervisor: P	Assessment lease take into considerat	tion Performance		
	Objectives Exceed	es Ratings and Competer ded = OE	icy Ratings)	-	
	Objectives Met = 0	MC	none		
	New and/or Devel				
				_	
EMPLOYEE'S COMMENTS The employee may use this section to	comment on his/h	er performance.			
Employee signature does not imply agreement o If the employee has a strong disagreement with	r disagreement, only th this Assessment, he/sh	e acknowledgement tha e may make comments	at the discussion of all in the section entitled	parts has occurred. Employee Comment	s.
		Print Form			
· ·					
Employee	Date	Supervis	or		Date



#### Reduction of Work Force

#### **Qualifying Period Progress Report Form**

Employee Name	Banner ID #	Job Classification / Title	
School/College/Division		Department	
P&A Local 1979	Staff Association I	Local 2071	
☐ 45-Day RIF Job Qualifying (midway)	☐ 30 Day RIF Job Qualifying (midway)		
☐ 90-Day RIF Job-Qualifying (prior to expiration of qualifying period)	☐ 60-Day RIF Job-Qu qualifying period)	alifying (prior to expiration of	
See: Article 14.A.1 of the P&A Contract	See: Article 18.A.2 of the Staff Contract		
Date Due:	•	•	

#### ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF POSITON DUTIES, TASKS, AND RESPONSIBILITIES

LIST THE DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN PRIORITY ORDER. DOCUMENT PROGRESS REPORTS BY PROVIDING COMMENTS AND/OR EVIDENCE REGARDING OBSERVED PERFORMANCE, WHICH BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS, AND JUSTIFY THE LEVEL OF EVALUATION. THERE SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF TWO PROGRESS REPORTS DURING THE QUALIFYING PERIOD. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE FINAL PROGRESS REPORT BE COMPLETED AT LEAST TEN DAYS PRIOR TO THE END OF THE QUALIFYING PERIOD, DUE TO SUBSEQUENT PLACEMENT CONSIDERATIONS.

LEVEL OF PERFORMANCE (To be completed by supervisor)  Indicate one of these ratings for each duty and responsibility: U LS FS E O (defined on last page)	COMMENTS ON PERFORMANCE (To be completed by supervisor)  Should consist of a supporting statement indicating results achieved; also may consist of comments indicating the employee's proficiency with job related skills.
	PERFORMANCE (To be completed by supervisor)  Indicate one of these ratings for each duty and responsibility:  U LS FS E O

This is a Microsoft forced-field form. Use the tab key to move the cursor to gray areas and tables will automatically expand as information is entered. To access this contractual form electronically, go to: <a href="http://www.hr.wayne.edu/employment/appraisals">http://www.hr.wayne.edu/employment/appraisals</a> or <a href="http://www.laborrelations.wayne.edu/contracts.php">http://www.laborrelations.wayne.edu/contracts.php</a>.

(12/11) To be used for Reduction of Work Force Job Qualifying Periods  $\underline{only}$ .





# Qualifying Period Progress Report Form

#### **OVERALL PERFORMANCE RATING**

Evaluate the employee's overall level of performance in the accomplishment of major duties and responsibilities. An overall performance rating of Unsatisfactory or Outstanding MUST be supported with a written attached justification.

Unsatisfactory	Less than Satisfactory	Fully Satisfactory	Excellent	Outstanding
Employee fails to	Overall performance indicates	Overall performance is	Overall performance is	Overall performance is characterized by
accomplish assigned position duties and/or	the employee fails to accomplish assigned position duties and/or	characterized by acceptable quality and quantity of work	characterized by high quality and quantity of work in the	exceptionally high quality and quantity of work in accomplishment of position duties
continues to use job-related skills in an inadequate	uses job-related skills in an inadequate manner; requires an	in accomplishment of position duties; uses job	accomplishment of position duties; uses job-related skills in	on a consistent basis; assumes responsibilities which are beyond the
manner.	inordinate amount of direct	related skills in an	more than acceptable manner on	position requirements; uses job-related
	supervision in order to produce work of acceptable quality and	acceptable manner; requires a degree of supervision that	degree of supervision that is	skills in an exceptional manner; requires substantially less supervision than typical
	quantity. The employee may possess the talent to earn a	is typical for the position	somewhat less than typical for the position.	for the position.
	higher rating if special training and coaching is given.			
Supervisor's comment	s:			
TO BE COMPLETED	☐ I recommend this employee for this position  TO BE COMPLETED AFTER FINAL PROGRESS REPORT  ☐ I do not recommend this employee for this position  TO BE COMPLETED AFTER FINAL PROGRESS REPORT			oyee for this position IAL PROGRESS REPORT
·				

(12/11) To be used for Reduction of Work Force Job Qualifying Periods only.



#### Training provided by S/C/D during the Qualifying Period

Identify and list the training provided to the employee, to assist them in their proficiency. List any other resources provided.

TRAINING/RESOURCES PROVIDED	DATE(S)

(12/11) To be used for Reduction of Work Force Job Qualifying Periods only.





Supervisor Signature:	Date:
Supervisor's Printed Name:	
5 1 1 2	-
Employee's Signature	Date
Your signature does not necessarily mean that you agree with this report; reviewed it with you.	it is only to acknowledge that your supervisor has met and
Employee comments (optional):	

(12/11) To be used for Reduction of Work Force Job Qualifying Periods only.

## **Accelerate Coaching Resources**

### Books

Title	Publisher/ISBN/Date	Description
Performance Management: Key Strategies and	Kogan Page	Including numerous case studies and invaluable advice
Practical Guidelines, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition		from experienced practitioners, this book provides the
	9780749445379	ideal action plan for any manager wanting to get the best
		from his or her employees. Of potential interest:
	2006	
		Chapter 4: Performance Planning and Agreements
Perfect Phrases for Setting Performance Goals:	McGraw-Hill	This timesaving job aid provides managers with precisely-
Hundreds of Ready-to-Use Goals for Any		worded phrases and goals that describe expected future
Performance Plan or Review	9780071433839	performance from their direct reports.
	2004	
The Manager's Question and Answer Book	AMACOM	This book answers over 100 important and common
		management questions including performance
	978081440758	management. Of potential interest:
	2003	Chapter 6: Performance Management
	2000	chapter of remained management
Performance Appraisals: Strategies for Success	AMACOM	Filled with assessments, diagrams and checklists to help
		you gain a thorough understanding of the performance
	9780761214625	appraisal process, this Self-Study course will equip you to
		meet this managerial challenge with confidence and

Title	Publisher/ISBN/Date	Description
	2008	enthusiasm. Of potential interest:
		Chapter 4: Preparing for Performance Appraisal Meetings Chapter 6: Conducting the Performance Appraisal Meeting
The First Time Manager's Guide to Performance Appraisals	AMACOM 9780814474402	Filled with ready-to-use tools including sample dialogues, phrases, documents, and plenty of useful tips, this book gives you the skills, confidence, and guidance you need to get the most from the performance appraisal process and
	2008	from your people.
Performance Planning and Review: Making Employee Appraisals Work, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition	Allen & Unwin 9781741141030	This book outlines the options for performance management available and discusses how to work out what is best for your organization. Of potential interest:
	2003	Chapter 4: Planning Performance Chapter 5: Reviewing Performance Chapter 6: Discussing Performance Chapter 7: Developing Performance
The Performance Appraisal Question & Answer Book: A Survival Guide for Managers	AMACOM 9780814471517	This Q & A book is an easy-to-understand set of tools that can help managers answer common questions in the performance appraisal process. Of potential interest:
	2002	Chapter 2: Performance Planning Chapter 3: Performance Execution Chapter 4: Performance Assessment
How to be an Even Better Manager	Kogan Page	Covering 50 key aspects of management, this clear-cut book provides sound guidelines to help anyone to
	9780749442620	develop a broad base of managerial skills and knowledge, and contains chapters on managing people, project



Title	Publisher/ISBN/Date	Description
	2004	management, and enhancing personal skills. Of potential interest:
		Chapter 3: How to Appraise People Chapter 15: How to Develop People
Giving and Receiving Performance Feedback	Human Resource Development Press 9780874257731	Using forms, questionnaires, case studies, and action plans, this book presents step-by-step guidelines to make feedback about the negative side of performance easier to give—and easier to accept.
	2004	
The Communication Problem Solver: Simple Tools and Techniques for Busy Managers	AMACOM 9780814413081 2010	Easily accessible and filled with real-world examples, this book helps readers analyze their communication skills and challenges and explains how they can use simple problem-solving techniques to resolve the people issues that derail productivity at work. Of potential interest:
		Chapter 2: Setting Expectations with Turbo-Charged Clarity Chapter 3: Communicating Your Expectations Chapter 8: Giving Feedback –Sweet or Sour

#### Courses

Title / Course #	Length	Description
Performance Appraisal Essentials: Planning for	1 hour	This course explains why performance appraisals are
Appraisals		important, describes how to develop an Employee

mgmt_17_a01_bs_enus		Performance Plan, and outlines ways to monitor ongoing employee performance.
Assessing Performance Continuously  mgmt_11_a01_bs_enus	3 hours	This course shows you how to make performance appraisal a continuous process. The first stage of continuous performance assessment is planning. Appraisal must be linked to performance goals that matter, and these goals need to encompass both the organization and the individual before a performance plan can be agreed on by appraiser and appraisee. The second stage is changing the annual performance meeting into ongoing communication about performance between the manager and employee. The manager must review and monitor performance, and respond to it by motivating the effective worker and helping the less successful worker. In this way, performance appraisal becomes one of the major managerial tools. This third stage prepares specifically for the annual performance appraisal meeting by collecting data. The course examines the common evaluation methods, which most organizations use to evaluate performance data, including how to successfully use self-evaluation data in the assessment.
Performance Reviews mgmt_11_a02_bs_enus	3.5 hours	This course gives sound practical advice about how to handle the appraisal of someone who is a consistently poor performer. Appraisees aren't always passive recipients of their manager's assessments, so this course prepares managers for the more difficult reactions they will encounter.
Giving Feedback comm 29 a01 bs enus	1.0 hour	There are generally two types of feedback: positive feedback for reinforcing positive behavior, and corrective feedback for correcting negative behavior.



		The purpose of this course is to help you improve your skills in giving both types of feedback.
Business Coaching	1.0 hour each	Four distinct modules are available, including:  Getting Ready to Coach Building a Coaching Relationship Conducting a Coaching Session Using Different Coaching Styles
A Primer for Ensuring Accountability mgmt_04_a05_bs_enus	4.5 hours	This course is designed to enhance your ability to communicate a philosophy of continuous improvement, what you expect of your staff, and what they must expect of themselves. This is a primer on multiple approaches to performance appraisal. It's much easier to hold people accountable for their work if they know exactly what's expected, and more importantly, why it's expected. Acting on the lessons in this course will pay off in increased employee commitment.

## Job Aids/SkillBriefs

Title/ID#	Length	Description
Developing Performance Plans	.1 hour	Learn the three steps in developing an employee performance plan
mgmt_17_a01_bs_enus		
Monitoring Performance	.1 hour	Use this job aid as a reference to the three techniques
mgmt_17_a01_bs_enus		you can use to monitor ongoing performance and prepare for future appraisals.
Effective Appraisal	.1 hour	Use this job aid as a reminder of the way you should
		present yourself at each stage of an appraisal
mgmt_11_a02_bs_enus		discussion.

Planning for an Appraisal Discussion	.1 hour	Shares three stages of performance planning
mgmt_11_a02_bs_enus		
Conducting the Performance Appraisal Discussion	.1 hour	Explores the stages in an effective appraisal discussion.
mgmt_11_a02_bs_enus		
Handling the Consistently Poor Performer	.1 hour	Shares how to respond to a consistently poor performer.
mgmt_11_a02_bs_enus		perioriter.
Reactions to Appraisal	.1 hour	Explores the different responses to appraisal
mgmt_11_a02_bs_enus		
Managing the Emotional Appraisee	.1 hour	Describes how to deal with an appraisee's emotions.
mgmt_11_a02_bs_enus		
Creating the Best Performance Opportunities	.1 hour	Shares how to create opportunities that help to
mgmt_11_a02_bs_enus		improve performance.
Developing Employees	.1 hour	Describes ways to support employees.
mgmt_11_a02_bs_enus		
Giving Feedback Effectively	.1 hour	Shares how to give corrective feedback.
comm_29_a01_bs_enus		



Making Feedback Acceptable mgmt_05_a01_bs_enus	.1 hour	Guidelines for providing fair feedback and establishing trust
Dealing with Accountability Issues mgmt_04_a05_bs_enus	.1 hour	Shares how to deal with individual accountability issues, team accountability issues, and obstacles and barriers to performance.
Principles of Consistency mgmt_04_a05_bs_enus	.1 hour	Describes how consistency helps ensure employee accountability
Informal Appraisal Techniques mgmt_04_a05_bs_enus	.1 hour	A reference to remind you of effective strategies in performing informal appraisals.

#### Simulation

Title / ID #	Length	Description
Appraising Performance Simulation	.5 hour	Over the course of the simulation, participants will
		practice key appraisal skills, including assessing
MGMT011A		performance, conducting appraisals, and motivating
		and developing employees, in order to improve the
		effectiveness of their appraisals and enhance the
		performance of their employees. The Appraising
		Performance Simulation comprises four scenarios and
		is based on the Accelerate series "Appraising
		Performance."



#### Who to Contact?

We've got you covered—when in doubt, call. As a supervisor at Wayne State, you should never feel alone when presented with personnel issues. With a diverse team of human resource and labor relation partners, help is a phone call away.

#### **HR Client Services**

Client Services consists of de-centralized Human Resources Regions. Click either of the Contacts List links below to identify which region supports your human resource efforts and the contact information to reach them.

Website: Client Services

Email: See <u>Client Services Contact List</u> for specific region email addresses Phone: See <u>Client Services Contact List</u> for specific region phone numbers

#### Total Compensation & Wellness (TCW)

For information regarding benefits; classification and compensation; leaves of absence and FMLA; and wellness, contact TCW.

Website: Total Compensation and Wellness

Email: <u>askhr@wayne.edu</u> Phone: 313.577.3000

#### **Labor Relations**

For employment issues with non-academic, represented employees, contact Labor Relations.

Website: Department of Labor Relations

Email: ab8614@wayne.edu

Phone: 313.577.2081

#### Organization & Employee Development (OED)

Contact OED for training, leadership, and organizational development.

Website: Organization & Employee Development

Email: <u>oed@wayne.edu</u>
Phone: 313.577.2111